

Централизованное тестирование

Учреждение образования
«Республиканский институт
контроля знаний»
Министерства образования
Республики Беларусь

2020

ЦТ

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

СБОРНИК ТЕСТОВ



ВАРИАНТ 1

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

People (A1) ... in the Amazon Basin for 10,000 years when it was "first discovered" by a Spaniard called Don Francisco de Orellana in 1542. He (A2) ... for forests of cinnamon and, of course, gold. The Indians promised the Europeans that there was gold because they knew that as long as the Spaniards needed them as guides, the Indians were safe. In fact it was nearly a year before Orellana and his team finally (A3) ... the junction of the Napo and Amazon rivers. Originally the new river (A4) ... Rio de Orellana after its European discoverer. Although the Spaniards didn't find any gold, they did find the greatest river in the world. However, today we (A5) ... the wonderful Amazon rainforests and it (A6) ... that the last remaining rainforests could be destroyed in less than 40 years. Moreover, nearly half of the world's species of plants, animals and microorganisms (A7) ... over the next 25 years due to rainforest deforestation.

- | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| A1. 1) were lived | 2) were living | 3) live | 4) had lived | 5) have lived |
| A2. 1) was looked | 2) was looking | 3) has been looking | 4) has looked | 5) looks |
| A3. 1) were reaching | 2) have reached | 3) have been reaching | 4) were reached | 5) reached |
| A4. 1) was named | 2) named | 3) was naming | 4) has named | 5) names |
| A5. 1) are destroyed | 2) destroyed | 3) are destroying | 4) were destroyed | 5) had destroyed |
| A6. 1) is believing | 2) believes | 3) has believed | 4) is believed | 5) has been believing |
| A7. 1) are destroyed | 2) destroy | 3) have destroyed | 4) are destroying | 5) will be destroyed |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

There are several theories about why we yawn. The most popular theory in recent years is that yawning is a way of cooling down the brain, which is not capable (A8) ... working well when it's too hot. This may also explain why athletes often yawn just before competing. Although scientists have difficulty (A9) ... agreeing about the reasons (A10) ... yawning, one thing they all agree about is that yawning is catching: if you see someone yawn, you're likely to yawn, too. In fact, there is no need to see a person yawn — just hearing someone yawn (A11) ... the phone, or reading about yawning can produce a need to do the same. The chances are you'll yawn (A12) ... least once while reading this article.

- | | | | | |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| A8. 1) to | 2) with | 3) in | 4) of | 5) — |
| A9. 1) from | 2) at | 3) for | 4) to | 5) in |
| A10. 1) for | 2) with | 3) from | 4) in | 5) at |
| A11. 1) by | 2) at | 3) in | 4) from | 5) on |
| A12. 1) for | 2) at | 3) of | 4) by | 5) to |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) Have you noticed that some people lead busy social lives with lots of friends, while others are content with just a few close social ties? Personally, I have ... wide circle of friends and am all in ... favour of this, as it has a number of advantages.

(A14) First of all, it can give you ... chance to broaden your experience and knowledge. You will enrich your social awareness. As ... result, you become more socially adapted to various situations.

(A15) Second, you are rarely left without a friend. People in Western society, in ... particular, frequently move ... home for various reasons, leaving their friends behind. However, someone with a large number of friends is less affected by this.

(A16) Instead of losing their one close friend in a move, they will lose one of many, who will still be around for them. In ... conclusion, having a large number of friends is more desirable than just having a few. To my way of ... thinking, it develops us socially as well as bringing more practical benefits.

- | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| A13. 1) a, — | 2) the, a | 3) a, the | 4) —, — | 5) the, the |
| A14. 1) a, — | 2) the, the | 3) the, a | 4) a, the | 5) —, — |
| A15. 1) the, a | 2) a, — | 3) the, the | 4) —, the | 5) —, — |
| A16. 1) —, the | 2) —, — | 3) the, the | 4) a, a | 5) —, a |

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

A17. There are roses on ... side of the door.

- 1) any 2) either 3) none 4) both 5) all

A18. In the ... century, it was thought that a compass needle pointed north because of some mysterious influence of the stars.

- 1) sixteen 2) sixteen's 3) sixteens 4) sixteens' 5) sixteenth

A19. My family stopped ... Scotland every summer when my grandparents moved.

- 1) to visit 2) visiting 3) visit 4) visited 5) to visiting

A20. I pinned a note to Jack's pillow ... he would be sure to see it.

- 1) since 2) so as 3) although 4) so that 5) despite

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

A21. If you're in two minds (1) about something (2), make sure to get (3) someone's else opinion (4), someone who knows you (5).

A22. I would like to take up sailing (1), but there's such an expensive hobby (2) that I can't afford it (3); so (4) I'll think about some other outdoor activities (5).

A23. Recently, we've seen a fascinating trend (1) on social media (2) — a series of challenges (3) what involve people (4) doing unusual things (5).

A24. It doesn't matter (1) if you don't have a jacket with you (2) — I will borrow you (3) mine (4), there's no need to worry (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

My family has lived on the coast of Cornwall in south-west England for generations. My grandfather was a fisherman, taking (A25) ... out on the sea every day to (A26) ... a living. Once the main local employer, the fishing industry ran into problems and its place has been partly taken by tourism. Although not top of the list for many (A27) ... visitors, Cornwall attracts thousands of UK holidaymakers every year. Of course, they bring in money to the area, but they can also cause a lot of (A28) ... to the local environment. Many people argue that tourism (A29) ... jobs and this is true, up to a point. However, much of the employment lasts only for the main tourist season, not the (A30) ... year. For many small communities, a change in population also has a huge impact on their identity. People from outside Cornwall have bought second homes to stay in over the summer. This (A31) ... the locals' quality of life — our community is (A32) ... with tourists in summer, but like a ghost town in winter.

A25. 1) worries 2) adventures 3) risks 4) dangers 5) problems

A26. 1) make 2) do 3) find 4) get 5) have

A27. 1) outside 2) native 3) exotic 4) national 5) foreign

A28. 1) difference 2) advantage 3) benefit 4) harm 5) good

A29. 1) invests 2) contributes 3) provides 4) results 5) proposes

A30. 1) whole 2) all 3) round 4) long 5) wide

A31. 1) impresses 2) affects 3) effects 4) corresponds 5) relates

A32. 1) contained 2) consisted 3) gathered 4) covered 5) packed

A33. **Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.**

Woman: Now that your final exams are over, what are you going to do?

Man: I plan to take it easy for a couple of weeks or so.

What does the man tell the woman?

- 1) It's too easy to plan his week. 4) He still has a couple of tests to take.
2) The final exams he took were easy. 5) He intends to relax for a few weeks.
3) It's too early for him to make plans.

A34. **Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.**

Thanks for showing me around the city.

- 1) Nothing at all. 2) Certainly. 3) That makes sense. 4) That's all right! 5) If you please!

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Don't touch that! | A. Don't mention it. |
| 2. Sorry I shouted at you. I didn't mean to. | B. OK. I was going to. |
| 3. Do some shopping. | C. Why should I? |
| 4. Can you give me a hand? | D. Why shouldn't I? |
| | E. No, thanks. |

1) 1A 2D 3B 4E 2) 1B 2D 3A 4E 3) 1B 2A 3D 4E 4) 1A 2B 3D 4C 5) 1D 2A 3C 4B

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. How would you answer the criticism that fox hunting is cruel?
B. You are a member of the local hunt, Mr Scott, aren't you?
C. Of course I am. I know what some people think, but they are usually city folk who don't really understand country life.
D. But you must be aware of the fact that there are a lot of people who disagree with fox hunting and who think it's cruel.
E. That's right. I really love fox hunting.
F. The fox is a pest which causes a lot of damage on farms. We do farmers a favour by hunting them and the farmers support us.

1) A C B E D F 2) F A D E B C 3) B E D C A F 4) B E A C D F 5) F A E B D C

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

My life with CVD by Tony Wong

§ 1. I had just started middle school and we all had to do a series of tests. I was taken to a room where a mysterious woman handed me an odd-looking picture made up of dots. 'What number do you see?' she asked with a smile. I didn't know why she was smiling because there were a lot of dots to count. Once I got to about ten, she asked the same question. I didn't know what to say, so she gave me another picture which looked the same as the first. I got upset. 'I don't see any numbers,' I said. That was how I learnt that I had CVD, colour vision deficiency, or, as it's unfairly known by the general public, colour blindness. What most people would have seen in that test was a number made of pink dots which they were expected to pick out from a circular field of green dots. I just saw lots of grey dots.

§ 2. I'm not alone. It is estimated that about eight percent of men have some form of CVD. It's all down to genes, apparently, and scientists hope to cure it one day, although I can't say that I would be keen on any gene therapy. Personally, I don't feel like I 'suffer' from CVD.

§ 3. Generally speaking, people with CVD just adapt to the world around us. For example, when you get to the traffic lights, the key thing is not the colour but the order of the lights. Of course, with all the vandalism in my neighbourhood, I'm just happy if the traffic lights are working.

§ 4. Unfortunately, not everything is so clear cut. When my e-reader is recharging, the light is orange when it is charging and green when it is finished. That's great, except that both colours look more or less the same to me. A much better system would be the one that my electric razor uses. It flashes when it is charging and then stops when it has finished.

§ 5. Life is full of little **frustrations** like that. Because I see green and red as pretty similar, I do sometimes put on a top that doesn't go with my trousers.

§ 6. However, there are bigger problems that can occur when professionals don't take CVD into account. I once failed an exam at school because a key question related to a bar chart coloured red, green and blue. To me all of the rectangles looked almost the same. Similar problems still **crop up** in course books and exams today.

§ 7. Moments like that aside, in my own life, CVD has been more of an inconvenience than a problem. People like me live life just like anyone else. We can continue to do so as long as people in positions of responsibility take steps to prevent any problems before they occur.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. From the first paragraph, we understand that Tony

- 1) felt frightened when he took the test.
- 2) thought the test was too long.
- 3) was confused by the test.

A38. From the second paragraph we learn that Tony

- 1) is shocked by the information about gene therapy.
- 2) can't describe how gene therapy works.
- 3) is not interested in gene therapy.

A39. Tony lives in

- 1) an area with a lot of crime.
- 2) an area where the traffic lights are never working.
- 3) in a quiet suburban area.

A40. To help him use his e-reader, Tony

- 1) wants it to make a special noise.
- 2) wants it to use moving lights.
- 3) wants two separate lights to appear on it.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. frustrations (§ 5)

- 1) disappointments 2) surprises 3) successes

A42. crop up (§ 6)

- 1) are missing 2) are avoided 3) are found

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

Choosing the degree I should study for at university was quite difficult for me as there were two careers that I found equally attractive: the law and catering. After much soul searching, I realised that whilst I could be a lawyer during the day and then enjoy cookery as a form of relaxation, the reverse was not true. Thus, I opted for a law degree and made food my number one hobby.

I have never regretted this decision. Working as a lawyer provided a good living and allowed me enough spare time to please myself by enjoying some very fine food at many superb restaurants. **(A43)** ___ A life in catering would have meant that I would always have been working when my friends were playing and vice versa. Chefs have to arrive at their restaurant by mid-morning to prepare for lunch. They work all afternoon developing new recipes. Then, they must prepare for evening service probably crawling into bed in the small hours of the next morning feeling absolutely shattered! **(A44)** ___

Sharing my love of fine food with good friends in the relaxed atmosphere of my home has more than compensated for not owning a restaurant. Planning a meal for people I love is a great pleasure. How do I choose what to cook? Well, that depends very much on my friends. An important factor has to be catering for their own likes and dislikes and trying to avoid serving them the same dishes as last time they visited. **(A45)** ___ I don't claim to be anything other than an enthusiastic amateur but quite a few friends appear to be scared by the prospect of cooking for me.

The friends I like cooking for most of all are those who share the love of food as much as I do and who are quite happy to do the same for me, in grand style, when I pay them a return visit. **(A46)** ___

Generally, my cooking has become less complex over the years and I tend to find that the best way of deciding what to cook is to see what is available when I do the shopping. What I cook is controlled by what I have been able to buy. **(A47)** ___ I might have had one or two vague ideas but, more often than not, I am scrabbling through pages of recipes trying to find something new to do with some scallops, a leg of lamb and raspberries. My store cupboard is pretty good and I can usually find all the spices I need, and boring stuff like flour, butter and so on. **(A48)** ___ I strongly believe that if you have good ingredients you will be able to turn out something worth eating.

At the end of a meal the finest compliment I can be paid is that my friends aren't afraid of gently nodding off. It shows that they feel satisfied, relaxed and happy!

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) Another factor is their attitude to their own cooking skills.
- 2) However, it was the luxury of having the time to cook for friends at home that underlined the good sense of the decision I had made.
- 3) How do you fit a decent social life into that sort of existence?
- 4) The choices I make depend on the preferences of my guests.
- 5) Not only does the process of cooking and baking improve moods, the feeling of satisfaction gained enhances happiness.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) It is not unusual for me to simply make everything up as I go along!
- 2) It is one of the great joys of my life and cooking has remained fun.
- 3) This means that, very often, I don't know what I am giving my friends until a few hours before they arrive.
- 4) If you're passionate about food and cooking, then there's no reason why you shouldn't use that passion to earn some extra cash.
- 5) For these friends, I like to pull out all the stops!

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

The number of people working a traditional nine-to-five day at the office is decreasing. People can (B1) ... (EASY) work from home with access to the Internet, email and all the rest of it, and while managers who do this may still work the same number of hours, start and finish times can be more (B2) ... (FLEX). This doesn't mean that the office as a physical place isn't still important. This is where talking to clients or interviewing candidates for jobs takes place and it's unlikely to be (B3) ... (PLACE) any time soon. In (B4) ... (ADD), work premises have become nicer places to be than they were even ten years ago.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Regardless of what you may think and contrary to popular belief, pasta is not an Italian invention, but a Chinese one. To be more specific, legend has it that Marco Polo, the explorer, learnt the recipe for pasta from the Chinese and brought it to Italy. Pasta is the most important food in Italy. In fact, it is served (B5) ... a starter to any meal. It is (B6) ... only popular in Italy, but also in other countries, where it is served with different sauces. (B7) ... are so many of them that even the most fussy eaters are sure to find something they like. But that's only part of its success. Pasta is also relatively easy to produce and transport around the world, which makes it a popular product with food companies as (B8) ...

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B9. I think of myself as quite both an organised, efficient person, but you probably wouldn't guess that from my appearance. I never read clothes magazines, and I couldn't care it less about what the latest styles are.
- B10. I choose fabrics so that are warm and feel good next to the skin. I suppose when I finish studying and get a job, I might have to invest in some smart things what for work, but for the time being, I'm more than happy with my wardrobe.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

- B11. Walking burns so (мало) calories that I think I should join a gym.
- B12. We seldom receive so many complaints, (не так ли)?

ВАРИАНТ 2

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

In 2010, a huge earthquake (A1) ... Haiti, causing the deaths of over a hundred thousand people. The international community jumped into action to provide aid. On this occasion, funds (A2) ... with amazing speed — within a week of the quake, the American Red Cross had raised \$22 million. The reason? People (A3) ... via their mobile phones.

Technological advances have changed how charities work. Gone are the days when someone (A4) ... on your front door and politely asked you to make a donation. In today's world of computers, smartphones and tablets, charities can now reach more people than ever before. Social media in particular (A5) ... a great impact on charity fundraising. New, innovative ways of donating are being thought up all the time. For example, if you want to support a good cause and keep fit at the same time, you can use an app called *Charity Miles*. The app can track the distance you run or cycle. For every kilometre you cover, the app's sponsors (A6) ... a donation to a charity of your choice. Apps like *Charity Miles* (A7) ... in number, and that can only be a good thing. In the future, it's likely that we'll all be able to give to our favourite causes more easily and more often.

- A1. 1) has hit 2) was hit 3) hit 4) has been hitting 5) is hitting
A2. 1) are raising 2) were raised 3) raised 4) have raised 5) raise
A3. 1) were donating 2) are donated 3) were donated 4) have donated 5) are donating
A4. 1) has knocked 2) is knocked 3) will knock 4) was knocked 5) knocked
A5. 1) was having 2) has had 3) had had 4) would be having 5) would have
A6. 1) were made 2) had made 3) are made 4) will be made 5) will make
A7. 1) are grown 2) were grown 3) will be grown 4) are growing 5) had grown

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Sociologists have been carrying (A8) ... research into the social pressures of being a teenager. Many adolescents are unhappy at school because they find it difficult to make friends. This stress can bring on illness or result (A9) ... poor grades. They may also worry about their appearance and often feel under enormous pressure to dress, talk and behave the same as others. This phenomenon is called peer pressure, and it is very common in today's society. Advertising contributes a lot (A10) ... the social pressures teenagers feel. Advertisers know how important it is to feel that you belong (A11) ... a group when you are in your teens, so they try to persuade teenagers that certain products will make them popular (A12) ... their classmates.

- A8. 1) out 2) off 3) away 4) over 5) —
A9. 1) at 2) with 3) by 4) to 5) in
A10. 1) for 2) with 3) at 4) to 5) in
A11. 1) for 2) to 3) about 4) at 5) —
A12. 1) for 2) to 3) with 4) in 5) of

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) What's ... right age to leave home? These days, many people continue to live with their parents into their twenties, or even thirties. In my opinion, we should leave home early, but it is not ... option for everyone.

(A14) Probably ... main reason why people stay with their parents is because they cannot afford to leave. You need to have a job and be able to pay your rent and bills. In ... addition, you have to pay for your own food and clothes.

(A15) On the other hand, leaving home gives you ... greater freedom. You can also find flatmates who share your interests, so life can be ... fun.

(A16) Another consideration is that we suddenly have to do everything ourselves, but we can learn a lot from it. As ... result, we become more able to take ... care of ourselves. All in all, I think it's good to move away from home when we are young because it teaches us to be independent.

- A13. 1) —, — 2) the, an 3) a, the 4) a, an 5) a, —
A14. 1) the, the 2) —, — 3) the, an 4) the, — 5) a, —
A15. 1) a, a 2) the, a 3) the, the 4) —, a 5) —, —
A16. 1) the, the 2) a, a 3) a, — 4) —, — 5) the, a

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A17.** Are ... of you two interested in coming with me?
1) either 2) none 3) any 4) anybody 5) no
- A18.** In the ... it was believed that watching television could improve children's grades.
1) sixties 2) sixty 3) sixtieth 4) sixty's 5) sixties'
- A19.** Dad has threatened to sell my dog if it doesn't stop ... all night!
1) bark 2) to bark 3) barking 4) barked 5) to barking
- A20.** Our apartment is being decorated, ... my parents can sell it.
1) because of 2) in order 3) so as 4) so that 5) despite

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

- A21.** According to one experiment (1) it is possible (2) for large families (3) to live in small apartments (4) if they respect each others' privacy (5).
- A22.** At the moment (1) going to work (2) in a car (3) can be extremely time-consuming for busy people (4), especially where it's a lot of traffic (5).
- A23.** Researchers have discovered that the speed (1) at what people drive (2) can be dramatically affected (3) by the speed of the music that they are listening to (4) in their cars (5).
- A24.** If you take into account (1) how young (2) Sam is, you must admit (3) he is doing excellent progress (4) as a doctor (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Many people think sheep aren't very intelligent creatures. But in fact, (A25) ... to new research, they may be cleverer than we think. For example, sheep can actually be trained to recognise human faces from photographs! Recognising faces is an important human social (A26) However, it (A27) ... that sheep are also social animals that can recognise other sheep as well as familiar humans. In experiments, researchers trained eight sheep to recognise the faces of celebrities from photographs. Training (A28) ... getting the sheep to (A29) ... decisions about the photos they saw. At one end of a room, they would see two different photographs, and would receive a (A30) ... of food for coming up to the photograph of the celebrity; if they (A31) ... the wrong photograph, they got nothing. Over time, they learned to (A32) ... getting food with the celebrity's photograph. And after training, the sheep correctly chose the celebrity's face eight times out of ten!

- A25.** 1) regarding 2) following 3) resulting 4) according 5) concerning
- A26.** 1) style 2) duty 3) knowledge 4) responsibility 5) skill
- A27.** 1) discovers 2) thinks 3) seems 4) relies 5) believes
- A28.** 1) involved 2) concluded 3) consisted 4) held 5) contained
- A29.** 1) set 2) make 3) have 4) do 5) keep
- A30.** 1) promise 2) parcel 3) reward 4) amount 5) advantage
- A31.** 1) managed 2) joined 3) came 4) achieved 5) approached
- A32.** 1) attach 2) tie 3) add 4) connect 5) adapt

A33. Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Man: All I can hand in today is my chemistry homework.

Woman: Is everything all right? You usually have everything completed on time.

What does the woman mean?

- 1) He usually hands in his assignments late. 4) He didn't have time to complete anything.
2) He hasn't completed anything, just as usual. 5) He is usually a punctual student.
3) He usually completes only his chemistry work on time.

A34. Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.

Will you finish today?

- 1) Yes, I mind it very much. 4) I'm afraid I don't.
2) I'd rather you didn't. 5) Yes, I expect so.
3) I'd better not, thanks.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Hang on a minute. I'll just turn the TV off. | A. Nothing of the kind. |
| 2. Is it easy to get to the centre of the city from here? | B. It's usually OK but I had some problems last night. |
| 3. Can I speak to the manager? | C. No problem. |
| 4. I can't hear you very well. | D. I'll just put you through. |
| | E. OK, I'll try to speak up. |
- 1) 1C 2E 3A 4B 2) 1A 2D 3E 4C 3) 1E 2A 3C 4D 4) 1C 2B 3D 4E 5) 1A 2C 3E 4D

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. That's because she's new though, isn't it? It's always a bit strange when you have a change of teacher.
B. Yes, that's true. Anyway, I wasn't disappointed with her. She teaches differently from Mr Hudson, but not in a bad way.
C. What did you think of the Science class?
D. It was quite interesting really, although, at first, I didn't know what to think about Miss Charles.
E. Me too.
F. I know what you mean. Miss Charles encourages us to work things out for ourselves. Personally, I prefer that way of learning.
- 1) C E F B D A 2) F A B E D C 3) C D A B F E 4) D B C F A E 5) F B E C A D

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. Sometimes the road to romance is long. 'Lonesome George', a giant Galapagos tortoise, is the last of his subspecies and thus profoundly alone. Living far out in the Pacific on the island of Pinta in the Galapagos Islands, he is officially the rarest living creature on Earth.

§ 2. No animal better **captures** the history of the Galapagos Islands than the giant tortoise. There used to be thousands of them roaming over these Islands. Observations of them by Charles Darwin even formed part of his world-changing theory of evolution.

§ 3. Sadly, however, mostly because for centuries the passing sailors had been hunting the giant tortoises for food, there are now only an estimated fifteen thousand left in the Galapagos Islands. Of the fifteen known subspecies, four are already thought to be extinct, as was the Pinta giant tortoise until Lonesome George was discovered in 1971. This came as a pleasant surprise to scientists since no other Pinta tortoises had been found on Pinta Island since 1906.

§ 4. Since George was discovered, he has become the star attraction at the Charles Darwin Research Station where conservationists have been hoping to rescue some of his genes by mating him with another tortoise. Two females from the nearby island of Isabela, the most closely related to the Pinta subspecies that could be found, were put into his enclosed territory with him in 1992, but **he failed to take the hint**.

§ 5. Then, Professor Jeffrey Powell, an evolutionary biologist from Yale University, came up with a possible reason why Lonesome George was not finding true romance with the ladies from Isabela. Perhaps, he suggested, they were simply too different to him to be a suitable **match**. Sailors often carried the tortoises from one island to another, he pointed out. So there could be a perfect Pinta match for George alive and well on Isabela or even on some more distant island.

§ 6. To begin testing his theory, Professor Powell compared DNA from seven Pinta tortoises with blood samples from twenty-seven giant tortoises living on Isabela. Among these samples, they found one tortoise with clear signs of Pinta ancestry (*происхождение*). Sadly, however, the newly discovered tortoise was not suitable for George: he was male.

§ 7. Powell with his team intends to return to Isabela and take blood from more than two thousand tortoises. If they do indeed find a Pinta female, they hope to take her to George's territory and attempt to breed the pair. The possibility remains, then, that Lonesome George may one day not be so lonely after all.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. The writer mentions Charles Darwin in order to emphasise

- 1) his importance as a scientist.
- 2) the large numbers of tortoises on the Galapagos Islands.
- 3) the significance of giant tortoises.

A38. According to the third paragraph, scientists were pleased that

- 1) there was a larger number of tortoises on the islands than previously believed.
- 2) one subspecies of giant tortoise was not extinct, as previously thought.
- 3) a new subspecies of giant tortoise had been discovered.

A39. The writer uses the phrase 'he failed to take the hint' (§ 4) to show that Lonesome George

- 1) didn't behave in the way the conservationists were hoping.
- 2) didn't seem to get on with the tortoises from Isabela.
- 3) behaved differently to the tortoises from Isabela.

A40. What does the writer suggest about Pinta tortoises in the fifth paragraph?

- 1) They could have originally come from Isabela Island.
- 2) Most of them were taken by sailors to Isabela Island.
- 3) They may be found on islands other than Pinta Island.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. captures (§ 2)

- | | | |
|--------------|----------|----------|
| 1) possesses | 2) takes | 3) hides |
|--------------|----------|----------|

A42. match (§ 5)

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|----------------|
| 1) equivalent | 2) partner | 3) counterpart |
|---------------|------------|----------------|

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

An interview with a couple who own a holiday home in the French Pyrenees

Why did you decide to buy a holiday home here?

We have always loved travelling and spending time in different countries on holidays. It made sense to us to have somewhere which was our own, where we could go back to again and again whenever we liked. **(A43)** ___ It has everything we were looking for: mountains, beautiful scenery, good countryside for walking and there are towns and a major city nearby. We looked at some very remote places but decided we wanted to be in a town. We enjoy being able to walk down to the shops in the morning to get fresh bread and walk to a restaurant for dinner in the evening. It was important to us that it was easy to get to for short holidays too so the fact that there is an airport nearby was a key factor. **(A44)** ___ We love both of our houses even though they are very different in style and in very different places.

How did you find this particular property?

We did some research into the area we liked and we looked at adverts on the Internet. Then we went to an agency which specialised in property in the area where we were looking. They were really helpful and in three days they took us to a number of different houses as well as some empty plots of land with potential for building a new property. **(A45)** ___ We spent time talking to the couple who were selling it and looking around the garden as well as the house. It's not a big house; there are only two bedrooms, but it is exactly what we were looking for. It has a fantastic terrace with views of the mountains. It's very picturesque. In fact it is a beautiful place to have a holiday at any time of the year.

What do you like most about owning a second home?

(A46) ___ We spend lots of holidays here ourselves and sometimes friends and family join us, but we also let friends and family stay in it by themselves if they want to. It means the house is occupied more, and the more it is used the better. We also like that we have met some good friends here. **(A47)** ___ It means we don't feel like strangers when we're here. Another thing we like is that there is always somewhere new to visit and explore as well as favourite places to go back to.

Would you like to move and live here permanently?

No. We have too much that we would miss back home: good friends and family. **(A48)** ___ We might come for a month or more at a time instead of a week or two as we do now. But we bought it as a holiday home or second home not somewhere to live all the time. We like having both our homes and don't want to give up either of them.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) Home buying is an emotional experience that's personal to each buyer.
- 2) The weather is usually better than what we're used to at home with lots of blue sky and sunshine, even in winter.
- 3) And finally we were looking for somewhere in contrast to where we live the rest of the year.
- 4) We visited this area a couple of times and we really liked it.
- 5) The house we now own was actually the last one we saw and we instantly knew it was perfect.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) We love that we can share it with our friends and family.
- 2) Next year we will both retire and then we will be able to spend much more time here.
- 3) That wasn't a very good start to our holiday but it is lucky it happened to us and not friends of ours.
- 4) It is so nice each time we come out to have a group of people to spend time with and social events to go to.
- 5) When your emotions are involved in a purchase, there's a possibility that those emotions can get out of hand.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

Zoos are a tradition, and a visit to a zoo is a wholesome, family activity. Modern zoos save (B1) ... (DANGER) species by bringing them into a safe environment, where they are protected from poachers, habitat loss and starvation. They give their animal guests much more space. The animal areas no longer look like cages, but wide open parkland. It is a much more pleasant (B2) ... (SOLVE) as the animals appear to be free while they are actually in a very protected environment which is (B3) ... (COMPLETE) unpolluted and they have no shortage of good nourishing food. In fact the animals seem (B4) ... (AWARE) of their captivity and relaxed while living in a controlled conservation area.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

(B5) ... school, college or university would be as effective without a library. Libraries are essential in these places, as are public libraries in our towns and cities. But we have to accept that times are changing, books are cheaper to buy, people spend less time reading books, and consequently, libraries aren't as busy (B6) ... they once were. Besides that, the Internet provides us with so (B7) ... to read, that old books in libraries now have some serious competition. But despite this, I think that we still need libraries, and they must adapt in order (B8) ... to disappear.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

B9. This incredible shop started out as a small, one-room grocery store in Knightsbridge, Central London, in 1849, is now one of the so best known stores on Earth! Harrods which is one of London's greatest tourist attractions.

B10. Harrods has 7 floors and 330 departments selling it everything from designer fashion to luxury furniture. It also has 27 restaurants and cafés, a world-famous food hall where you can even though order your own ice cream flavour.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B11. I can't buy this T-shirt: I have got very (мало) money in my purse.

B12. Bob never lies to you, (не так ли)?

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

An elderly couple from Dudley, near Birmingham in Central England, had a shock last night after they (A1) ... to bed. Seventy-five-year old Howard Hamilton and his wife (A2) ... asleep when they heard a big bang in their front garden. They both (A3) ... straight out of bed to look out of the window and see what had happened. What they saw was a badly-damaged car lying in their front garden. Next to the car there was a young couple. Mr Hamilton called the emergency services. Luckily, the couple both had only minor injuries and only one of them (A4) ... to hospital. A neighbour said that she (A5) ... the young couple having an argument in the car when the accident happened. Apparently, this is the fourth time that a car (A6) ... through the wall of Mr Hamilton's garden. This is because drivers often (A7) ... round the corner too fast, and lose control of their vehicles. Mr Hamilton's sister Joyce, who lives next door, said that it had been lucky that nobody had been walking along the pavement.

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| A1. 1) were going | 2) have gone | 3) have been going | 4) had gone | 5) are gone |
| A2. 1) have just fallen | 2) were just fallen | 3) just fall | 4) were just falling | 5) are just falling |
| A3. 1) jumped | 2) were jumping | 3) have been jumping | 4) were jumped | 5) had jumped |
| A4. 1) was taking | 2) had taken | 3) was taken | 4) has taken | 5) took |
| A5. 1) has seen | 2) was seen | 3) has been seeing | 4) was seeing | 5) had seen |
| A6. 1) was driven | 2) is driving | 3) is driven | 4) had driven | 5) has driven |
| A7. 1) are gone | 2) go | 3) had gone | 4) will go | 5) were going |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

James Mason is typical (A8) ... so many drivers whose over-confidence makes them believe they are better drivers than everyone else, making them a danger (A9) ... themselves and other road users. James thinks that he can steer perfectly well with just one hand on the wheel. He is often distracted by things he sees out of the window and thinks nothing of taking his eyes off the road, believing it is a skill he alone has developed. Because drivers like James are certain they are better than everyone else, they think the rules do not apply to them. They talk on their mobile phones or adjust their satellite navigation systems, ignorant (A10) ... the fact that they are not (A11) ... control of their vehicles when they do this. Needless to say, when travelling along a road (A12) ... high speed, it's a good idea to give your full attention to what you're doing.

- | | | | | |
|--------------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| A8. 1) of | 2) to | 3) for | 4) with | 5) in |
| A9. 1) with | 2) at | 3) in | 4) on | 5) to |
| A10. 1) with | 2) to | 3) by | 4) of | 5) for |
| A11. 1) of | 2) in | 3) at | 4) on | 5) by |
| A12. 1) with | 2) on | 3) at | 4) by | 5) under |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) It's no secret that I love hiking! My friend and I had been planning this excursion for a while. ... weather forecast had predicted rain but the clear blue sky tipped the scales in ... favour of us going on our hike.

(A14) Although we were a little hesitant at ... first, we headed out to the mountains. We spent all morning exploring ... beauty of nature.

(A15) Mid-way through our hike, ... sudden roar of thunder sent a wave of panic through me. Then it started pouring. After a while it stopped raining and it looked like we could continue but we were not out of the woods yet. We were lost! Suddenly, we saw other hikers in ... distance.

(A16) Finding these hikers was certainly a stroke of luck as they showed us ... way back to the camp. What ... relief!

- | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| A13. 1) The, the | 2) The, — | 3) —, a | 4) —, — | 5) A, the |
| A14. 1) a, a | 2) the, a | 3) —, a | 4) —, the | 5) the, — |
| A15. 1) a, — | 2) the, — | 3) —, a | 4) —, — | 5) a, the |
| A16. 1) the, a | 2) —, a | 3) the, — | 4) a, the | 5) a, — |

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

A17. — Can you come on Monday or Tuesday? — I'm afraid ... day is possible.

- 1) both 2) other 3) either 4) neither 5) none

A18. For her ... birthday, Margaret decided to go on a cruise, as she hadn't been on one before.

- 1) sixty 2) sixtieth 3) sixties 4) sixty's 5) sixties'

A19. Mark stopped ... coffee because his doctor recommended him to avoid doing it.

- 1) drink 2) to drink 3) to drinking 4) drank 5) drinking

A20. Let's run through the arrangements for tomorrow's visit ... we all know what we are meant to do.

- 1) so that 2) so as 3) despite 4) in order 5) because of

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

A21. Don't make the mistake (1) of simply reporting (2) someone's else words (3) when writing your own notes (4), try to switch on your own imagination (5).

A22. There's unlikely (1) that (2) Jean will pass her exams (3) as (4) she hasn't done any revision (5) at all!

A23. Our food is converted into (1) a type of sugar (2) called glucose, what (3) goes directly (4) into our blood for energy (5).

A24. I managed to talk Tim into (1) borrowing me his car (2), although (3) it wasn't easy (4) to persuade him (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

The famous Hollywood director of films such as *Jurassic Park* and *Schindler's List* wasn't the best student. Many people consider doing well at school is an important part of having a successful career. However, that wasn't true in Steven Spielberg's (A25) As a child, Steven showed little (A26) ... for his studies. But he was (A27) ... in film and began using his father's movie camera to record family events. By the age of 12, he'd made his first movie. Steven's poor grades in high school (A28) ... him from entering the University of Southern California's film programme. However, he was (A29) ... at California State University but didn't complete the course. Instead, he worked at the world-(A30) ... Universal Studios and soon became one of Hollywood's best-known directors. Over 34 years after leaving college, Steven finally (A31) ... his university graduation ceremony. He'd decided to complete his studies because his children (A32) ... asking why they should go to college when he hadn't. Steven says, 'I thought I'd better get that degree and get it fast, so I did.'

A25. 1) fact 2) condition 3) case 4) position 5) point

A26. 1) curiosity 2) attention 3) devotion 4) fear 5) enthusiasm

A27. 1) impressed 2) affected 3) devoted 4) occupied 5) interested

A28. 1) refused 2) avoided 3) limited 4) prevented 5) provided

A29. 1) allowed 2) accepted 3) gained 4) entered 5) afforded

A30. 1) famous 2) prominent 3) familiar 4) outstanding 5) favourite

A31. 1) went 2) attended 3) came 4) accompanied 5) presented

A32. 1) kept 2) went 3) carried 4) remained 5) maintained

A33. Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Man: I can't decide which of these two articles would be more useful to read.

Woman: As far as I'm concerned, you can't go wrong.

What does the woman mean?

- 1) Both articles are equally useful.
2) She's not familiar with the articles.
3) These are the wrong articles.
4) He should read the longer article.
5) There's nothing useful in either article.

A34. Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.

How are you?

- 1) I can't complain.
2) I'm in two minds.
3) I hope so.
4) Nothing of the kind.
5) It's fine.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Could you do me a big favour? | A. Of course not. Take a seat. |
| 2. Do you mind meeting me at the airport? | B. Not at all. When do you land? |
| 3. Can you pass the salt? | C. Sure. Here it is. |
| 4. Do you mind if I join you? | D. It depends what it is! |
| | E. No way, sorry. |

1) 1E 2A 3D 4C 2) 1D 2C 3E 4A 3) 1E 2D 3A 4B 4) 1A 2C 3B 4E 5) 1D 2B 3C 4A

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. You know how difficult it is to find someone on a Friday evening, especially if it's only next week.
B. Oh, really? We've been practising for ages and it'll be our first concert. Isn't there someone else who can look after him?
C. That's a possibility, I guess. I'll give her a call and see what she says.
D. That's great, but I was hoping you could look after your brother. I've got a meeting at the football club and I can't miss it.
E. Hey Dad. Guess what? My band has been asked to give a concert next Friday!
F. How about Auntie Sandra? She's usually free and she loves looking after him.

1) E B F D A C 2) A F D E B C 3) B F D A E C 4) E D B A F C 5) A B F D C E

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. Of all the subjects that divide men and women, it is probably the female love of accessories — and handbags in particular — that puzzles men the most. For women, a handbag is a statement of personality and attitude. It is an indicator of status, a weapon in a crowd and a home on the move.

§ 2. For men, it seems to be a little more than an expensive device for carrying around unwanted receipts and other useless items. It is certainly no substitute for a really good trouser pocket.

§ 3. The gap between the sexes looks likely to grow deeper with a study suggesting that women's love affair with handbags has reached a new level of intensity. Between 2000 and last year sales of handbags in the UK rose by 146 percent to a record £350 million.

§ 4. Claire Birks, the author of the study, believes that the phenomenal growth is being stimulated in part by the must-have celebrity handbag. 'The rising number of working women has played a key role in this market as they not only have the money but also the need for stylish, well-accessorised outfits and handbags. It is now **commonplace** for women to have a wide variety of bags for a whole host of occasions.'

§ 5. Top of the range designer bags with price labels of £1,000 are not infrequent and their popularity has never been greater. Any woman wanting one of this season's must-have handbags, the Dior Gaucho, should be prepared to spend £815 and join a month-long waiting list.

§ 6. It takes just a glimpse of a new Gucci or Chloé bag on the arm of Rihanna or Anne Hathaway in *Heat* magazine for that model to fly off the shelves at Selfridges and Harrods. But while designer brands have played a part, the rising sales have mostly been **driven** by cheaper imported handbags and own-label imitation designs.

§ 7. Tamara Mellon, the owner of the Jimmy Choo label, said she had seen a major change in the accessory market. 'It doesn't matter what you are wearing — if you have good shoes and a good bag, you will look right,' she said. 'Handbags are a status symbol, the perfect accessory to dress up your day and your outfit.'

§ 8. While men may remain puzzled by the attraction of handbags, some light has been shed on what they contain. A survey of 1,700 women carried out by Prudential discovered that alongside the old train tickets, receipts and pens, the average handbag contains a mobile phone, a purse, a hairbrush, perfume, a make-up bag, a leather diary or personal organiser, and house and car keys. In summer months, a pair of sunglasses usually joins the collection.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. What is the problem with the Dior Gaucho bag?

- 1) It is the most expensive bag on the market.
- 2) There are not enough of them on sale.
- 3) You have to be a member of a special club to buy one.

A38. Most handbag sales in the UK are

- 1) only from a few famous shops.
- 2) generated only by a small number of designers.
- 3) from selling bags that look like more famous ones.

A39. How does Tamara Mellon feel about handbags?

- 1) Handbags aren't really very important.
- 2) What you wear on your feet is as important as your handbag.
- 3) You have to match your clothes very carefully with your handbag.

A40. What do women's handbags typically contain?

- 1) no objects that are useful for work
- 2) nothing relating to their home
- 3) some cosmetic items

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. commonplace (§ 4)

- 1) unacceptable 2) normal 3) extravagant

A42. driven (§ 6)

- 1) caused 2) replaced 3) prevented

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

Everybody knows someone with a happy nature: the cheerful type of person with a positive attitude, who will always say a glass is half full rather than half empty. It's the person who is not easily put off when things go wrong and who appears to lead a happier life as a result. But what is the secret of happiness? And how can we achieve it?

Psychologists define this feeling of well-being as 'when thoughts and feelings about one's life are mainly positive'. The key seems to be contentment with what you already have, emotionally, materially and professionally. The more people try to keep up with others, for example, the more likely they are to be dissatisfied with life. **(A43) ____**

David Lykken, Professor of Psychology at the University of Minnesota, is a leading specialist in happiness. As a result of studying 300 sets of twins, he now believes that happiness is more than 50 percent genetically determined. He also believes that we each have our own fixed 'happiness point', a level of happiness that doesn't change, whatever happens to us in life. **(A44) ____**

But it is not necessarily the case that we are stuck with the level of happiness we were born with. This is because although a person's temperament is not easily changed, their character can be. The former determines what kinds of thing will make someone happy but not how much pleasure that person obtains from them. **(A45) ____**

This is why Dr Isaac believes we need to study happy people and learn how to be like them. **(A46) ____** They also tend to be interested in things other than themselves. This could be through their day-to-day work, for example, or by caring for others less fortunate.

Happy individuals also tend to relate to other people and are able to give and receive affection. **(A47) ____** They are, therefore, more likely to belong to things like sports teams, choirs and political parties. Researchers at Harvard University have found that people involved in such activities were happier than those who were not.

Another factor in happiness appears to be physical activity. Exercise improves a person's mood and gets rid of tension. But there must be a balance between activity and rest because stress results in unhappiness. **(A48) ____**

But mental activity can be just as important. Psychologists believe it's possible to train yourself to recognise happiness and, therefore, feel the benefits of it more often. The key is not taking your feelings for granted but rather learning to celebrate them and noticing times when you are happy.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) This had nothing to do with how well-off people were financially.
- 2) In other words, no matter how happy or unhappy an event may make us, this is just a temporary state.
- 3) There will always be someone else with more than you, so trying to compete can often lead to frustration and anxiety.
- 4) The latter develops in response to the experiences a person has during his or her life.
- 5) Furthermore, when you ask people what makes their lives worth living, they rarely say anything about their mood.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) Such people, for example, seem to find satisfaction in activities which are meaningful and give a feeling of personal achievement.
- 2) While living below the poverty line certainly makes it hard to be happy, beyond that, money does not appear to buy happiness.
- 3) To avoid this, it is important to pick a sport or activity you enjoy and which you do when you want to, rather than when you think you should.
- 4) Other scientists, however, maintain that happiness is not so difficult to achieve.
- 5) That's why being part of a social group, such as a family, a community or a club adds to their overall sense of well-being.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

Fast food is big business, with hamburgers and pizzas leading the way. But these two European dishes did not get the fast food treatment until the world's first fast food restaurant opened in San Bernardino, California, in 1948. Restaurant (B1) ... (OWN) wanted to take advantage of the rising popularity of cars, so they made a decision to design drive-in restaurants. They (B2) ... (SIMPLE) their menus so that there was no necessity for a knife, spoon or fork and they used cups, plates and bags that could be thrown away. By the 1960s and 1970s this kind of food was becoming (B3) ... (INCREASING) common in Europe. The most recent trend has been the introduction of more healthy options like salads to menus and this looks (B4) ... (LIKE) to continue.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Now that spring is here, (B5) ... is time to start thinking about holidays. You don't have to spend all your holiday in the same place. Why (B6) ... try three or four short breaks away from home this year — in the British Isles? More and (B7) ... people are doing it. Britain is full of interesting places to visit, with some historic sites that are two thousand years old. (B8) ... are so many places to choose from; you might want to tour the Scottish Highlands, have a relaxing few days at a country house hotel, or enjoy the exciting nightlife of a busy modern city like London or Manchester.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

B9. Many teenagers are under so enormous amounts of stress these days. One effective way in which teens could reduce their stress levels this is by finding different ways to handle it.

B10. They could make it sure they do something relaxing each day, such as going for a walk with a friend or taking a long, hot bath. By doing this, they will cope better with the pressures they have to face both every day.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B11. There are so (мало) lemons in the fridge that I can't make lemonade.

B12. Betty has rarely seen so many tourists at this place, (не так ли)?

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

There are many stories about dinosaurs living in deep rivers and lakes in modern Congo. However, no one (A1) ... Mokele-mbembes, strange animals which look like dinosaurs. Most think that, like 'Bigfoot' in North America, Mokele-mbembes (A2) ... ! However, some local people say that they (A3) ... the animals themselves. Nevertheless, finding a Mokele-mbembe won't be easy. They are the same colour as their environment — grey. Some local people (A4) ... that the last Mokele-mbembes have died. But this year's explorers say they feel hopeful. Although their chances of finding a Mokele-mbembe seem small, the explorers may come across other interesting animals. Last year, around 19,000 new kinds of plants and animals (A5) ... — mostly insects. 'Big animal' discoveries are unusual, but not impossible. Until 1902, few people knew about mountain gorillas. The first live giant squid (*гигантский кальмар*) (A6) ... in 2002! And the Mokele-mbembe? Well, if the explorers (A7) ... anything, we will let you know!

- A1. 1) was ever filmed 2) is ever filmed 3) has ever filmed 4) will ever be filmed 5) had ever filmed
 A2. 1) aren't existed 2) don't exist 3) weren't existed 4) won't exist 5) won't be existed
 A3. 1) are seen 2) were seeing 3) will be seen 4) had seen 5) have seen
 A4. 1) now believe 2) were now believing 3) are now believed 4) had now believed 5) have now believed
 A5. 1) discovered 2) were discovering 3) have discovered 4) had discovered 5) were discovered
 A6. 1) photographed 2) has photographed 3) was photographed 4) had photographed 5) was photographing
 A7. 1) are found 2) were finding 3) had found 4) find 5) will be found

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Photography is a hobby with wide appeal. Serious photography means taking the effort to do some research, exploring the technical aspect of the subject and investing (A8) ... what might be quite expensive equipment. So why take (A9) ... photography? Firstly, it allows you to capture special moments that you want to remember forever. In addition, it stimulates your imagination because you are always (A10) ... search of ideas for original and out of the ordinary photos. However, a lot of practice is required before you manage to take really good pictures (A11) ... a regular basis. When you finally do it, it will be a source of great satisfaction for you. All (A12) ... all, photography is a highly absorbing hobby.

- A8. 1) to 2) for 3) with 4) in 5) at
 A9. 1) in 2) up 3) over 4) on 5) down
 A10. 1) in 2) at 3) to 4) with 5) by
 A11. 1) to 2) for 3) on 4) by 5) with
 A12. 1) at 2) for 3) by 4) to 5) in

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) On the one hand, there are benefits to using public transport. Firstly, public transport helps to reduce ... traffic on the streets. Instead of driving to ... work every day, people use buses and trains.

(A14) This means that the roads are less crowded and ... air is less polluted. In addition, people can take ... advantage of the time spent on public transport.

(A15) For example, passengers can browse through ... magazine or book. As ... result, they will be more relaxed. On the other hand, travelling by bus or train can be tiring. For example, a lot of people commute during the rush hour.

(A16) This means that you might have to stand all ... way to your work. Moreover, public transport takes longer than driving a car. Buses and trains have to stop for passengers. This means that ... journey may take a lot longer.

- A13. 1) the, the 2) the, — 3) —, a 4) a, — 5) a, a
 A14. 1) the, — 2) an, — 3) —, an 4) an, the 5) —, the
 A15. 1) the, the 2) —, the 3) —, — 4) a, the 5) a, a
 A16. 1) —, — 2) the, — 3) a, the 4) the, the 5) a, —

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

A17. ... of my numerous friends speaks French.

- 1) Neither 2) None 3) Both 4) Either 5) No

A18. It's relatively unknown but the average gamer is actually in their early ...

- 1) thirty 2) thirtieth 3) thirty's 4) thirties 5) thirties'

A19. I've stopped ... tennis because I hurt my ankle.

- 1) play 2) to play 3) playing 4) to playing 5) played

A20. She took some water ... she wouldn't get thirsty.

- 1) so that 2) so as 3) although 4) since 5) despite

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

A21. Their garden is the most beautiful (1) in the village (2) and there's no doubt (3) that it's larger than (4) anybody's else (5).

A22. There isn't really difficult (1) to learn new skills (2); it's just a question (3) of your attitude to the matter (4) and that's it (5).

A23. When in England (1) be sure (2) to wander through the winding streets (3) of York and walk along the ancient city walls (4) what are over 700 years old (5).

A24. The development of smartphones (1) has done a huge difference (2) to the way (3) we all access information (4) for better or for worse (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

In today's world, we've all got used to affordable air (A25) ... to exotic destinations. This (A26) ... on access to secure airports, and the skills of the pilot and flight crew. But would you be willing to take the (A27) ... of flying into either of these airports? Princess Juliana is an international airport in the Caribbean. The landing approach is over the water and pilots have to make constant checks to avoid ending up in the sea. Huge mountains at the end of the runway make take-off just as difficult to (A28) ... with. Getting to Paro in the beautiful country of Bhutan by air also takes a (A29) ... of adventure. You would want a pilot who had (A30) ... in negotiating very tight spaces. In fact, only a few pilots in the world currently have a licence to land there due to its location deep in the Himalayas. If you're a nervous flyer and going to one of these places isn't high on your list, then there's no need to worry. Mass tourism offers a huge (A31) ... of destinations to choose from. And if you fly, you can always (A32) ... the length of the runway first.

A25. 1) journey 2) travel 3) excursion 4) race 5) voyage

A26. 1) consists 2) applies 3) requires 4) refers 5) relies

A27. 1) risk 2) danger 3) fear 4) threat 5) obstacle

A28. 1) handle 2) manage 3) succeed 4) cope 5) achieve

A29. 1) sense 2) fear 3) sensation 4) perception 5) meaning

A30. 1) dedicated 2) devoted 3) specialised 4) concentrated 5) demanded

A31. 1) width 2) rate 3) length 4) focus 5) range

A32. 1) control 2) examine 3) decide 4) check 5) observe

A33. **Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.**

Man: Do you usually bring your lunch?

Woman: I eat in the snack bar now and then.

What does the woman mean?

- 1) She always eats in the snack bar. 4) She occasionally eats in the snack bar.
2) She won't eat in the snack bar in future. 5) She has never eaten in the snack bar.
3) She used to eat in the snack bar.

A34. **Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.**

May I borrow your book?

- 1) By all means. 4) It's my pleasure.
2) With pleasure. 5) I hope so too.
3) None at all.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. What are you up to this weekend? | A. No, I didn't know she was having one. |
| 2. Doing anything tonight? | B. I'm going to my country cottage on Friday night. |
| 3. Did you get an invitation to Megan's party? | C. Yes, I am, actually. I'm going round to Jason's. |
| 4. It's so expensive here in Los Angeles, isn't it? | D. Good for you! You'll have a great time. |
| | E. Tell me about it! I've already spent all the money I came with. |

- 1) 1B 2E 3C 4D 2) 1E 2D 3C 4B 3) 1B 2C 3A 4E 4) 1C 2A 3D 4E 5) 1E 2B 3C 4D

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. Things can't be that bad. What's the problem?
B. You look a bit upset, Lucy.
C. It seems that Jordan's very busy with his new acting job and John was transferred to our Paris office last week.
D. Yes. I feel really fed up at the moment.
E. Everyone is moving on and I've been left behind. I'm still in the same old job with the same old boss.
F. Well, it's just that everyone's life is changing except mine.
- 1) A D C E B F 2) A F B C D E 3) B D A F C E 4) B E A D C F 5) E A B F D C

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. Jill Heinerth grew up watching the Apollo space missions on TV, dreaming of becoming an astronaut. Life, though, took her in the opposite direction. Jill dives into the ocean depths as one of the world's top cave divers. She has had her stunning photographs published worldwide and won awards for her documentaries, but in addition to all this, she's a record breaker. She spent 21 hours underwater to get the world record for distance travelled underground and became the first woman to cave dive in the Antarctic.

§ 2. It was that expedition to the Antarctic in 2000 that really made Jill's name. She was heading to B-15, the largest iceberg on the planet (about the size of Jamaica) to explore the caves in it even though she didn't even know if there were any there. This sounds like a big enough **leap of faith**, but the iceberg had just broken away from the Ross Ice Shelf and was moving at the time and any disturbance, even a few air bubbles, could cause the cave to collapse.

§ 3. After sailing for twelve days in rough seas from New Zealand, Jill and her team finally arrived at B-15. As she dived into a deep crack in the ice, Jill descended over 130 feet, the only sound coming from her oxygen tank. As the cave opened out, she discovered a diverse undersea world: "We found a spectacular world of sea stars and other curious creatures." But the threat of disaster was always there.

§ 4. At one point, Jill felt a movement in the ice like an earthquake and it was only later that she found out that a piece of ice had crashed into the entrance to the cave. If she had been near, she would have been killed. On her final dive, Jill and her diving partner were trapped by strong currents and only managed to escape by finding small handholds in the ice wall and pulling themselves along. Just two hours later, the iceberg shattered, leaving massive pieces of ice floating on the surface and two very relieved divers. As she rather calmly put it, "The cave was gone."

§ 5. These kinds of incidents would **put** most divers **off** for life, but Jill freely embraces her fear. She says that we mustn't avoid doing things that frighten and challenge us. To her, fear is an important part of life and as she puts it, "If you don't chase fear, then you'll be running away from it for the rest of your life."

§ 6. Even though she hasn't made it into space yet, her work may affect future space missions. "I was experimenting with a 3D mapping device that cost almost £470 million. It is the technology that one day NASA hopes to send to the underwater caves of Europa, one of the moons of Jupiter," Jill said.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. The first paragraph mainly focuses on

- 1) how Jill became a cave diver.
- 2) Jill's achievements so far.
- 3) why Jill changed her career plans.

A38. During Jill's first dive at B-15, she

- 1) felt amazed by what she saw below the ice.
- 2) enjoyed the sense of calm she felt.
- 3) felt proud of the bravery of her team.

A39. The fourth paragraph emphasises

- 1) how Jill felt after her dive.
- 2) what an earthquake feels like underwater.
- 3) how close to disaster Jill came.

A40. What does Jill say about fear?

- 1) It's healthy and helps us stay safe.
- 2) It has stopped her doing things.
- 3) It's important to face it.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. leap of faith (§ 2)

- 1) a sudden increase of confidence
- 2) a glimpse of light
- 3) a splash of anger

A42. put off (§ 5)

- 1) cause somebody to do something later
- 2) cause somebody to give something up
- 3) cause somebody to fight for survival

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

I cycle because it is cheaper, quicker, more reliable, it is better for the environment and it is better for me. Public transport is so expensive and so unreliable these days I try to use it as little as possible. On the underground and trains there are always delays, planned and unplanned closures and you can wait half an hour for a bus to then sit in a traffic jam. (A43) ___ Public transport can be so uncomfortable too; it gets so crowded in the rush hour with hundreds of people all crammed into a tiny space. I much prefer to be on my bike. I know how long it will take me to get where I am going and I am outside in the fresh air. The one thing I used to like about travelling by train was reading the free paper or a good book but sometimes it is so busy you don't have enough space to do that.

The other alternative would be to travel by car but again there are all sorts of reasons why the bike is a hundred times better. (A44) ___ Firstly, travelling by car is extremely expensive, something which in the future will only get worse as fuel prices continue to rise. And while you don't have to deal with impatient and stressed passengers pushing you off trains or buses you have to suffer impatient and stressed drivers next to you and behind you in heavy traffic.

(A45) ___ If there are hold ups because of traffic problems or an accident, we cyclists can just keep on going while cars have to sit and wait. A further disadvantage is the difficulty of parking; there is never a free parking space at the end of the day in the street. In the city centre the few public car parks which exist are unbelievably expensive. I can leave my bike more or less anywhere and don't have to pay a penny. (A46) ___ Finally and by no means the least important problem with travelling by car is that it is extremely harmful to the environment. If more people left their cars at home or car-shared we could reduce our carbon emissions significantly.

There are of course also some drawbacks to cycling. (A47) ___ There is no denying it really is unpleasant cycling in the rain. Another thing is that when you cycle you have to carry a change of clothes with you which can be inconvenient but I have got used to it and now I actually like arriving at work and changing into clean, dry things. (A48) ___ At the end of a long busy day it sometimes just seems too much energy to get on my bike and cycle for forty minutes but once I get going I always feel much better for the physical exercise. For me there is no contest, cycling is simply the best way to get around.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) Of course in a car you have your own space and don't have the same pressures as on public transport but there are other problems to deal with.
- 2) If you want to do your bit for environment, getting public transport and leaving the car at home is one of the most straightforward things to do.
- 3) Even on a good day my journey by underground, train or bus would take me longer than cycling and my bike takes me all the way to where I want to go.
- 4) A journey by car to work in the morning can be a very exhausting experience.
- 5) But in reality the number of cars on the road is continuing to rise.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) The only other negative point is that it can be tiring.
- 2) The bad weather is probably the worst.
- 3) Cycling at quiet times of the day means you can get where you want to be in even less time.
- 4) No one looks at anyone else, even though you're only centimetres away from each other and all social graces go out the window.
- 5) When I get home I can literally just pick it up and bring it inside with me.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

Should we form an opinion about someone's (B1) ... (PERSONAL) only from their looks? They say that it's (B2) ... (FAIR) to judge a book by its cover. Well, apparently, it is! In fact, the art of judging character from a person's appearance has been practised for over 3,000 years. It's called physiognomy or "face reading" and, according to the experts, it's as reliable as any science. So what can physiognomy tell us? Let's start with the shape of the head. People with wide heads are generally (B3) ... (AMBITION) and want to achieve a lot. Long-headed people are careful and trustworthy, and those with short heads can be irresponsible. They don't do things (B4) ... (PROPER). But is this just a lot of nonsense?

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

More and more people (B5) ... days are consuming energy drinks when playing sports or exercising. According to advertisers they are a healthy way to help people exercise faster but (B6) ... effective are these drinks? (B7) ... are a number of advantages to drinking energy drinks. The main benefit is that they give people an energy boost that lasts for hours. Therefore, they can exercise for longer (B8) ... usual. Secondly, energy drinks are useful because they contain vitamins and minerals. This means that they help the body to perform better. However, most people do not need them in order to exercise and they can cause problems. Therefore, energy drinks should only be consumed in moderation.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B9. My parents both had brothers and sisters, and my aunts and uncles who all have children. So when we were very growing up, family gatherings were huge.
- B10. I have happy memories of growing it up with my cousins and I sometimes wish we didn't all live so far apart. It would be such great to catch up with them and find out what they've all achieved as adults.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

- B11. I'm sorry, I can't pay for your lunch. I have very (мало) money.
- B12. Lucy never goes anywhere without her smartphone, (не так ли)?

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

There were e-books readers before the Amazon Kindle, but the Kindle was the first to become popular around the world. Reasonable price **(A1)** ... a big part of the Kindle line's appeal. Since it first **(A2)** ... in 2007, millions of Kindles have been sold and Amazon now sells more e-books than paper books. The Kindle **(A3)** ... you access to digital books and provides the best method for reading them and that's what drives the Kindle on. When it was time to give the Kindle a name, Amazon's founder, Jeff Bezos, **(A4)** ... Michael Cronan to try to think of one. Cronan, who was an American designer, also had a business that created names for companies and products. Bezos told him that he didn't want a high-tech name. Amazon's customers loved traditional paper books and Bezos didn't want to annoy them. A lot of different names **(A5)** ..., but he finally chose 'kindle', which means 'to light a fire'. Cronan thought that this **(A6)** ... people of the excitement they feel when they **(A7)** ... their favourite book. The name was also inspired by a line from French novelist Victor Hugo: 'to read is to light a fire'.

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| A1. 1) was always been | 2) had always been | 3) was always being | 4) has always been | 5) is always being |
| A2. 1) is appeared | 2) was appearing | 3) has appeared | 4) was appeared | 5) appeared |
| A3. 1) is given | 2) had given | 3) was given | 4) was giving | 5) gives |
| A4. 1) was asked | 2) has asked | 3) was asking | 4) asked | 5) had asked |
| A5. 1) were considered | 2) were considering | 3) have considered | 4) considered | 5) had considered |
| A6. 1) will remind | 2) would remind | 3) is reminding | 4) has reminded | 5) was reminded |
| A7. 1) are enjoyed | 2) had enjoyed | 3) are enjoying | 4) will be enjoyed | 5) were enjoyed |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

These days, everyone is talking about how important exercise is for our health. Usually, people recommend that young people get involved in team sports, due **(A8)** ... the many social benefits they offer. But there are also a lot of sports that teens can do **(A9)** ... themselves. You can practise an individual sport when it suits you. **(A10)** ... this reason, it is easy to exercise because there is no need to arrange a time to train with others. On the other hand, you have fewer opportunities to make friends. As a result, you might feel lonely sometimes. All **(A11)** ... all, the independence that practising an individual sport can give young people easily outweighs the disadvantages of doing an activity **(A12)** ... their own.

- | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| A8. 1) for | 2) to | 3) of | 4) with | 5) from |
| A9. 1) on | 2) with | 3) by | 4) of | 5) to |
| A10. 1) With | 2) By | 3) From | 4) For | 5) To |
| A11. 1) in | 2) at | 3) of | 4) by | 5) to |
| A12. 1) by | 2) for | 3) in | 4) to | 5) on |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) People today lead busy lifestyles, and this means it can be hard to fit ... regular exercise routine into their daily schedule. Nevertheless, setting aside time to keep fit is vitally important. A useful suggestion would be to work out exactly what spare time you have and what exercise you intend to do, and then stick to ... schedule.

(A14) It would also help if employers could be persuaded to provide gym facilities at ... work. This is ... growing trend in the workplace, as bosses realise that fit and healthy employees contribute more to their jobs.

(A15) By having such facilities, workers could take ... advantage of their lunch breaks to do some exercise. In ... conclusion, if someone really wants to stay fit and healthy, they will find a way, even when time is short.

(A16) In ... fact, the more hectic the lifestyle you lead, the more you will benefit from ... workout!

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| A13. 1) a, the | 2) the, a | 3) the, — | 4) —, a | 5) a, — |
| A14. 1) the, the | 2) a, the | 3) —, — | 4) —, a | 5) the, — |
| A15. 1) the, the | 2) —, — | 3) an, a | 4) an, the | 5) the, a |
| A16. 1) the, — | 2) a, — | 3) a, a | 4) a, the | 5) —, a |

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

A17. I was invited to two parties last week but I didn't go to ... of them.

- 1) no 2) both 3) neither 4) either 5) none

A18. The whole family plans to celebrate our parents' ... wedding anniversary in July.

- 1) fifties 2) fifty 3) fifties' 4) fifty's 5) fiftieth

A19. When you go into town, please remember ... some paper for the printer.

- 1) get 2) got 3) to get 4) getting 5) to getting

A20. If I were short-sighted, I'd have laser treatment on my eyes ... I could do without having to wear glasses.

- 1) despise 2) so as 3) since 4) although 5) so that

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

A21. Ruby never seems to think (1) about other peoples' feelings (2) so I keep telling (3) her she should try at least once (4) to be more considerate (5).

A22. Jenny is so introverted (1) that (2) there's very hard (3) for her (4) to open up and share her emotions (5).

A23. Sierra Leone is a small African country (1) which people (2) are still suffering from the effects (3) of a violent civil war that (4) lasted for eleven years (5).

A24. People have always been interested in (1) how animals communicate (2) and scientists are making a lot of research (3) in this area (4) and hopefully they will discover something interesting (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Today, the baseball cap is a very well-known (A25) ... of clothing, even to people who are quite (A26) ... with the game of baseball. The cap was (A27) ... over a century ago as a way of (A28) ... the sun out of baseball players' eyes, but soon became fashionable off the field too. By the 1940s, teams were beginning to have their logos sewn onto the caps they wore during matches. The obvious thing for fans to do was to wear these too. Sales of caps rose to a very high level as the idea of showing (A29) ... to their college team in this way caught on among students... By the (A30) ... 1970s, new technology (A31) ... that it was possible to embroider images of things like animals and flags onto caps instead of just names and numbers. The caps now became fashionable once again, (A32) ... thanks to hip-hop music bands who wore them on stage.

A25. 1) item 2) object 3) matter 4) side 5) sphere

A26. 1) uninterested 2) unfamiliar 3) unrelated 4) uninformed 5) unknown

A27. 1) founded 2) opened 3) appeared 4) originated 5) invented

A28. 1) taking 2) minding 3) protecting 4) keeping 5) stopping

A29. 1) courage 2) distrust 3) loyalty 4) doubt 5) truth

A30. 1) previous 2) last 3) past 4) latter 5) late

A31. 1) allowed 2) made 3) told 4) meant 5) said

A32. 1) extremely 2) fully 3) mainly 4) widely 5) highly

A33. **Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.**

Man: If we hurry, we'll be at the stadium in half an hour.

Woman: At best.

What does the woman mean?

- 1) It may take more than half an hour.
2) The stadium is the best place to go now.
3) The stadium will probably be only half full.
4) The stadium is within walking distance.
5) There's no need to hurry, there's lots of time.

A34. **Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.**

Do you want to go out now or later?

- 1) Oh, it's nothing. 4) I don't really mind.
2) No, none at all. 5) Nothing of the kind.
3) Nothing at all.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. I'm sorry we are so late. | A. Me neither. |
| 2. Do you want to come with us? | B. That's quite all right. |
| 3. I don't feel like going to the party. | C. It was my pleasure. |
| 4. I'm going to have some lunch, aren't you? | D. That's an idea. |
| | E. No, I'd rather not. |

- 1) 1A 2D 3E 4B 2) 1B 2E 3A 4D 3) 1A 2C 3D 4E 4) 1B 2A 3E 4C 5) 1C 2B 3A 4D

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. Good. Are you managing to find enough material?
B. Fine. And are you managing to work to the deadlines?
C. I've asked you to come over because I just wanted to see how you are getting along with your assignments this term.
D. Yes, I've been using the college library and the Internet.
E. I'm doing fine. I've finished the first assignment and I'm working on the second one now.
F. Yeah, and I've been told that if I need an extension, I can ask for one.
- 1) B F C D A E 2) C F A E B D 3) E A F B D C 4) B E A F C D 5) C E A D B F

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. Job hunting is one of the most stressful times in your life. You can spend hours perfecting a CV or filling in online application forms. For many people, the result is the same: a polite 'no thank you'. You know you have the personal qualities to do the job, but you can only show them when you meet your employer face to face. So how can you get that elusive interview? Here are some of the most surprising ways, and they're all real.

§ 2. One of the very best was the job applicant who arrived at a company with a takeaway pizza, with his CV printed on the box. The interview took place while they ate and the applicant got the job before they had finished. In this case, it's important to pick the right toppings.

§ 3. Crime was the inspiration for Kelly Weihs of Baltimore, USA. Looking for a job as a designer, she decided to show off her design work with her own CV. She used a series of old fonts (*шрифты*) and interesting colours to make her CV look like a nineteenth-century Wanted poster from the Wild West. Her imaginative approach worked and she got the job.

§ 4. However, it can be risky to make a CV like this. Kelly's poster idea was perfect because she was looking for a job in design. Other people make less intelligent CV decisions.

§ 5. For example, some job candidates record a video of themselves singing for their new **potential** employers, even if they are only applying for a position as a personal assistant. This is never going to work. It's too obvious that the candidate wants to be in the more exciting world of the music business, not answering the phones all day in an accountant's office.

§ 6. America seems to be the home of the creative CV, no doubt because it has one of the world's largest populations and thousands of people are competing for every job. Think about the poor managers who have to read through hundreds and hundreds of applications in a day. It's one of the most boring jobs in the world. Anyone might start thinking about more interesting things, like a break for coffee. So imagine what happens when you get a free chocolate bar, completely **out of the blue**, with a CV wrapped around it. That was Nick Begley's big idea. Nick printed his CV on a chocolate wrapper with his skills in the ingredients section. He then placed it around a Nestlé Crunch bar and he sent it in. It **paid off** immediately because Begley got two job offers and ended up working in ... you guessed it, marketing. So if you want to stand out from the crowd, try one of these ideas for yourself.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. When did the applicant with the pizza apply for the job?

- 1) When he brought the pizza to the company.
- 2) When he saw the job advertisement online.
- 3) When he received the order for the pizza.

A38. Kelly Weihs got her inspiration from

- 1) books.
- 2) paintings.
- 3) history.

A39. The video idea may not be successful because

- 1) it was the riskiest idea.
- 2) it showed the person wanted a different job.
- 3) people were shocked by the loud music and the dancing.

A40. What does the writer mean by 'out of the blue' (§ 6)?

- 1) without warning
- 2) when you are feeling tired
- 3) at the wrong time

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. potential (§ 5)

- 1) powerful
- 2) capable
- 3) possible

A42. paid off (§ 6)

- 1) was rejected
- 2) was appreciated
- 3) was criticised

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

On my second trip to Greece I had a very embarrassing experience. I had arrived in Athens very early in the morning after a delayed flight from London. My plan was to go to an island called Skopelos that a friend had recommended. By the time I got there, I had been travelling for over twenty-four hours.

As soon as the ferry docked at the little port, the other tourists and I were surrounded by local people offering us accommodation in their homes. I attached myself to a lovely woman called Nina and she led me to her house, where she showed me to a pretty room with a private bathroom. (A43) ___ After getting dressed, I went down to the kitchen.

There, Nina was sitting with a young woman called Anika, who spoke Greek and English. While we had coffee, Anika acted as an interpreter. It turned out that Nina's daughter Olga was studying abroad, so Anika was staying in her room. Nina had suggested she should show me around the town. (A44) ___ We finished our coffee, said goodbye to Nina and headed out the door.

As we headed in the direction of the port, Anika pointed out various landmarks for me to remember: a house with a blue door and a lemon tree in a pot, a little chapel with a small bench outside, a café on a corner where there was a friendly dog. (A45) ___ I wondered if I should go back to the house and have an early night but decided that I would be better off having something to eat before retracing my steps.

By the time Anika and I reached the port, it was time for her to go to work. (A46) ___ Although I was very hungry, I decided to make sure I could find my way back to Nina's while there was still some light.

From the port, I walked up a narrow path I could have sworn was the same one Nina and I had followed earlier that day. There was a café on a corner but the bench was nowhere to be seen and there were several houses with blue doors and lemon trees. I had no idea where I was. (A47) ___ I began to wonder if Nina and her house were just a figment of my imagination.

Eventually, I realised that the simplest thing to do was to go back to the port and ask the tourist police to help me. (A48) ___ The police laughed when I told them that. It turned out that there were twenty women called Nina who rented out rooms and ten of them had daughters called Olga who were studying abroad.

The police were very kind, nevertheless, and telephoned every one of those women until on the tenth call they managed to find 'my Nina'. She came to get me and guided me back up to the house. I collapsed into bed and slept for almost ten hours.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) Since it was late June, it would still be light for a couple of hours.
- 2) It turned out that I had to catch a ferry to the island.
- 3) I had a much needed shower and unpacked.
- 4) I tried to pay attention but my tiredness made it difficult to take it all in.
- 5) When we travel we have the opportunity to reflect on our lives, and realise how lucky we are to have friends and family.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) This meant that I was on my own, and the sun was beginning to set.
- 2) The harder I tried to remember exactly what Anika had said, the more lost I became.
- 3) Surely he would know where Nina lived.
- 4) Travelling promotes happiness and helps you take your mind off stressful situation.
- 5) I hadn't asked Nina to write down her address but at least I knew her name.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

We all recognise the emotional benefit of having a (B1) ... (FAITH) companion — but did you know dogs can also help us stay healthy? Recent research has shown that having a pet can (B2) ... (STRENGTH) children's immune systems, and make them less (B3) ... (LIKE) to have days off school with illnesses than those without animals in the home. Researchers discovered that children of families who were cat or dog (B4) ... (OWN) had more health problems, but as they grew older, their immune systems were given a boost. These children attended an amazing average of nine days more school than children who didn't have pets.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Are you interested in art and wildlife? Why (B5) ... enter our special competition for schools? I'm sure you know (B6) ... valuable many wild creatures are to us. Well, we want to create more interest in bees, and that's why we want poster designs of them for the competition. They must be hand drawn. Prizes this year are fantastic. First prize winners visit our wildlife centre in London. Second prize winners receive a printed T-shirt with the winning design on it. We know you'll like them as much (B7) ... the paints and art books which were prizes in last year's competition. (B8) ... are two great judges who will make their final decision. You've got a month to work on your ideas and create your artwork.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B9. The Frisbee which was invented by students at the Yale University in the United States in 1947. The first games were played with metal tins used to cook cakes, and these were provided by a local baker named Joseph Frisbie, who had a contract to supply food such regularly to the university.
- B10. In 1948, a young American who had just left the army produced a similar disc, but this time it made of the light plastic. Eventually he was able to sell his invention to another company what called Wham-o, which, after hearing about the origins of the game, decided to call their product Frisbee.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

- B11. Very (мало) people came to the opening night of the play.
- B12. Young people hardly ever go to the cinema these days, (не так ли)?

ВАРИАНТ 6

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Anthony Horowitz is a best-selling author of books for teenagers. His books are so good that people of all ages read them. Telling stories has always been Horowitz's passion. He once told an interviewer that he **(A1)** ... to be an author since the age of eight. Perhaps Horowitz wanted to start writing at the age of eight because that was when his parents **(A2)** ... him to a boarding school. He hated living and studying there. Once the headmaster told him to stand up in front of all the other students and said: 'This boy is so stupid that he **(A3)** ... to the Christmas games tomorrow.' 'I have never totally recovered,' says Horowitz. To escape from these experiences, Horowitz **(A4)** ... making up his own stories. Anthony's first novel **(A5)** ... in 1979. Since then, he has written more than 30 novels, including horror stories, fantasies, detective stories and thrillers. His most famous books are almost certainly the *Alex Rider* series. The *Alex Rider* books **(A6)** ... English teachers very happy because they have helped to get a whole generation of teenage boys reading, instead of playing computer games. In January 2014 Anthony **(A7)** ... an OBE (a special Queen's honour) for his services to literature.

- A1.** 1) was wanted 2) had wanted 3) has wanted 4) wants 5) will want
A2. 1) have sent 2) were sending 3) will be sent 4) were sent 5) sent
A3. 1) won't come 2) isn't come 3) hadn't come 4) didn't come 5) won't be come
A4. 1) is started 2) started 3) was starting 4) will start 5) was started
A5. 1) was publishing 2) published 3) was published 4) had published 5) publishes
A6. 1) have made 2) were made 3) had made 4) will be made 5) are made
A7. 1) awarded 2) has awarded 3) had awarded 4) was awarded 5) has been awarding

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

In summer, people everywhere look forward **(A8)** ... their holidays when they will have the chance to relax and escape the daily routine and pressure at work. However, the holiday dream can actually turn **(A9)** ... a nightmare. Well, here are a few tips that will help you enjoy your holiday. To begin with, not only should you choose a holiday destination that suits **(A10)** ... your needs, but also go along with someone with whom you share common interests and are on good terms with, so as to avoid arguments. Secondly, make sure you have made a hotel reservation well **(A11)** ... advance especially during the high season. Last but not least, make a list of things you need to take with you. Then, don't forget to go shopping a couple of days before you actually leave. If you allow **(A12)** ... yourself lots of time to do some planning beforehand, nothing will spoil your holiday.

- A8.** 1) with 2) at 3) to 4) for 5) on
A9. 1) at 2) with 3) for 4) into 5) —
A10. 1) with 2) to 3) at 4) in 5) —
A11. 1) in 2) to 3) for 4) at 5) on
A12. 1) to 2) for 3) from 4) by 5) —

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) Fiona and Steven Sanders had always wanted to own ... holiday home in the south of France. Five years ago, they bought a 17th-century cottage that was in ... danger of being demolished.

(A14) It was in a rural area, 15 kilometres away from the nearest town, and had a wonderful view of ... surrounding countryside. At ... first, the locals of the area were suspicious of their new neighbours, but they soon learned to accept them.

(A15) Every holiday, ... Sanders would make for the south of France and their new house and spend all their time working on it. They added ... extra bedroom on the ground floor so that there would be room for anyone who wanted to come and visit.

(A16) ... outside of the house was painted yellow. Finally the house was finished, and the results made up for all the months of ... hard work. Fiona and Steven certainly didn't have any difficulty in persuading all their family and friends to spend a few days with them!

- A13.** 1) a, a 2) the, a 3) —, — 4) a, — 5) —, the
A14. 1) a, a 2) —, the 3) the, — 4) a, the 5) the, the
A15. 1) the, an 2) —, — 3) the, the 4) —, the, 5) the, —
A16. 1) An, — 2) The, the 3) —, — 4) —, the 5) The, —

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A17. Vicky had two job offers but she decided that she didn't want to work for ... company.
1) no 2) none 3) neither 4) both 5) either
- A18. David has decided to celebrate his ... birthday in a restaurant.
1) twentieth 2) twenty 3) twenty's 4) twenties 5) twenties'
- A19. The driver stopped ... on more passengers even though the bus was already full.
1) taking 2) take 3) to take 4) to taking 5) took
- A20. I go to the doctor every six months for a check-up ... I know that I'm healthy.
1) since 2) so that 3) despite 4) so as 5) because of

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

- A21. I show tolerance **(1)** when I'm willing to accept **(2)** that **(3)** other peoples' beliefs **(4)** are different from my own **(5)**.
- A22. There's very difficult **(1)** to hold a conversation **(2)** with Sarah as **(3)** she keeps interrupting **(4)** all the time **(5)**.
- A23. I love going to the theatre **(1)** but I am often disappointed **(2)** by the show itself **(3)**, what **(4)** fails to live up to my expectations **(5)**.
- A24. You need to take **(1)** a lot of things **(2)** into consideration **(3)** before doing a big decision **(4)** about a future career **(5)**.

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

In many European cities, it is possible to buy a sightseeing pass, valid for a limited period, which **(A25)** ... you free entry or discounts at top tourist attractions. If you are **(A26)** ... to do a great deal of sightseeing, a pass can be **(A27)** ... worth buying. For example, if you visited all the sites covered by the Archaeological Pass in Rome, you could save up to 50 percent on admission charges. The Paris Museum Pass is excellent value for money, as long as you manage to get round at least three museums a day. There are further benefits to **(A28)** ... advantage of too. Museums often **(A29)** ... special entrances for pass-holders, which **(A30)** ... you won't waste precious time queuing for tickets, and some passes offer free use of public transport in **(A31)** ... to entrance fees. You do have to be careful, though, once you have bought your pass, it cannot normally be extended or exchanged, so you need to ensure that the museums and sites you want to visit are definitely open on the days you plan to go. You also need to **(A32)** ... before you buy a pass that you're not visiting at a time when admission is free or cheap for other reasons.

- A25. 1) enables 2) qualifies 3) allows 4) lets 5) affords
- A26. 1) organising 2) intending 3) considering 4) thinking 5) regarding
- A27. 1) very 2) extremely 3) greatly 4) much 5) well
- A28. 1) hold 2) keep 3) make 4) bring 5) take
- A29. 1) serve 2) gain 3) provide 4) contribute 5) reward
- A30. 1) involves 2) means 3) causes 4) results 5) leads
- A31. 1) addition 2) regard 3) respect 4) advance 5) order
- A32. 1) consult 2) warn 3) inform 4) check 5) advise
- A33. **Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.**
Man: Mind if I take your picture?
Woman: No, not at all.
What does the woman mean?
1) She doesn't want to be photographed.
2) The man can have the picture she took.
3) There's no way he could borrow a picture.
4) The man may take her photo.
5) Not all pictures are good.

A34. **Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.**

- You've been really helpful.
1) I'd rather not.
2) Not at all. Here you are.
3) I can't thank you enough!
4) My pleasure.
5) Hardly any.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 1. Are you any good at basketball? | A. Oh, it's nothing. I'm just a bit fed up. |
| 2. What's the matter? | B. No, never, but it's supposed to be lovely. |
| 3. How is it going? | C. Fine, thanks. What about you? |
| 4. Was the film any good? | D. Yeah, I'm not bad. |
| | E. Oh, it was OK — not great. |

- 1) 1C 2E 3D 4B 2) 1D 2A 3C 4E 3) 1C 2D 3A 4B 4) 1A 2D 3E 4B 5) 1D 2C 3E 4A

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. I was at first because it was really special to me. I was afraid my husband would be really annoyed, but he was actually really nice about it. He said that worse things can happen.
B. I've searched everywhere, but I've got no idea where it is. To be honest, I've given up looking for it now.
C. That sounds like a very sensible thing to say.
D. Have you found your wedding ring at last?
E. Yes. So now we're saving up for another one.
F. Oh dear. You must be really upset about it.

- 1) C A F E D B 2) B C A F D E 3) D E F A B C 4) C F D E A B 5) D B F A C E

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. The history of subway graffiti in New York dates back to the 1960s, when teenagers in the city began to write their names on neighbourhood walls. However, instead of using their given names, they chose nicknames, creating a public identity for the street. Initially, this name graffiti had a territorial function, and it showed which parts of the city belonged to particular gangs.

§ 2. Taki 183 was the nickname of a young man who lived on 183rd Street in the Washington Heights section of Manhattan. He worked as a messenger and travelled by subway to all five districts of the city. In his travels he wrote his name everywhere. A reporter from the New York Times **tracked** him **down** to interview him, and the resulting article in the paper made him famous throughout the city.

§ 3. The competition for fame began in earnest as hundreds of youngsters, imitating Taki 183, began to put their names on trains and public buildings all over the city. As the available space filled up, it was necessary for writers to develop a **distinctive** style to make a name stand out from the rest.

§ 4. Graffiti writing was an extremely dangerous pastime. The writers worked in darkness, surrounded by heavy machinery and live electrical rails or balanced on narrow ledges (*выступ*) high above the street. Painting their names on the subway trains was illegal and they had to be ready at any moment to rush to safety if the police arrived.

§ 5. At times there was so much graffiti on the subway system that it seemed as if the authorities had lost control. The police created special squads of detectives to catch writers, but they had only limited success in bringing the problem under control.

§ 6. The Transport Authority, faced with a seemingly endless battle, brought in a new programme to get rid of the graffiti. The aim was to remove it within two hours so that the writers would never get the chance to see their work. This involved getting teams of cleaners to work at the end of the train lines, immediately removing any new graffiti. If a carriage was covered in graffiti, it was not allowed on the transport system at all until everything had been cleaned off. Over a period of a few years, this approach slowed down and then stopped the graffiti almost completely.

§ 7. Graffiti, however, has not died out; instead, it has become mainstream. Even the police have begun to see graffiti writers in a new light. 'I think their work is excellent,' says Detective Sotolongo of the 41st Precinct. 'They're artists, to say the least.'

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. Taki 183 became well-known mainly because

- 1) he invented a new style of graffiti.
- 2) he appeared in the newspaper.
- 3) he wrote his name on trains.

A38. Graffiti writers were in danger because

- 1) they worked in unsafe conditions.
- 2) the tunnels were dark.
- 3) they were often chased by the police.

A39. What was the effect of the Transport Authority's programme?

- 1) It caused delays to the system.
- 2) The trains were always free of litter.
- 3) It slowly made things better.

A40. Detective Sotolongo's comments show that

- 1) the police's attitude to graffiti has changed.
- 2) graffiti writers work for the police department.
- 3) there are fewer graffiti artists than there used to be.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. tracked down (§ 2)

- 1) admired
- 2) appreciated
- 3) followed

A42. distinctive (§ 3)

- 1) unique
- 2) common
- 3) clear

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

The worry and feelings people experience when they have to live and survive within a new culture, such as a foreign country, are known as culture shock. (A43) ___ They develop from the difficulties faced when people have to adjust to a new culture and don't know how to function within it.

Gemma Atkinson, who is British, lived in Italy for three years. 'Everything was exciting in the beginning,' explains Gemma. 'I was thrilled by the charm of Italy, but as I settled into my new life, I began to feel overwhelmed and frustrated. Trying to find accommodation, get a new phone line in a remote area and get my work permit seemed impossible. (A44) ___ I couldn't understand the Italian way of doing things. There were times when I wanted to pack up everything and return to Britain. Eventually though, I got a handle on my new environment and felt at home.'

Psychologist Rowan Bates explains what Gemma describes as the distinct phases of culture shock. 'The majority of people who relocate to a new country go through the following phases. The first, known as the honeymoon phase, lasts for a few weeks and is characterised by seeing the new culture as something wonderful. (A45) ___ However, after some time, the new culture begins to create feelings of anxiety. People may start to miss their old country and the way of life there. (A46) ___ After about six months, most people enter the adjustment phase, which is when they become used to their new culture. They know how to behave appropriately and have accepted the new culture.'

But not all people react in the same way, as Rowan explains. 'There are three different forms of adjustment. Many people actually find it impossible to accept the new culture. (A47) ___ Other people integrate so completely into their new environment that they lose their original identity. Finally, there are those people who successfully manage to combine the best parts of their new culture with their old culture. These people experience few problems and are the happiest of all.'

Rowan has this advice for people thinking of relocating to a new country. 'Before you travel, learn as much as you can about the new culture so that you are better prepared for what you will face. Obviously, learning the new language will help. (A48) ___ You can share your feelings with fellow immigrants who will provide a support network for you and are a very valuable resource because they've already been in your shoes. Keep an open mind about the new culture and enjoy the differences rather than see them as obstacles.'

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) Doing the normal things the average person did seemed so incredibly difficult.
- 2) What was wrong? All I could say was 'English? Do you speak English?'
- 3) These feelings may include surprise, uncertainty and confusion.
- 4) The food, lifestyle and architecture, for example, are admired and seem far more interesting than what one has left behind back home.
- 5) Languages hold the key to understanding a culture's beliefs and values.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) This is known as the negotiation phase and it is when people start to feel annoyed with their new culture.
- 2) They are miserable and only wish to return to their own culture, where they feel safe and secure.
- 3) Of course, once he returned to his homeland, everything was different.
- 4) Once there, develop new friendships both with locals and other foreigners.
- 5) It's always a good idea to buy a guidebook and a map, and read about local culture of the country you will be visiting.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

Most of us use the Internet extensively for work and entertainment, but Internet addicts prefer the virtual world to real life and that's a serious problem. They might be chatting to (B1) ... (STRANGE) on social networking sites, gambling online or visiting other (B2) ... (SUITABLE) web pages. They often get addicted because they can escape feelings of stress or depression and remain (B3) ... (ANONYM). Whatever the reasons, there are healthy ways to deal with their problems. They can (B4) ... (STRENGTH) their relationships by talking to people who care about them.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Venice is one of Italy's most beautiful and romantic cities as well (B5) ... one of the most popular for visitors to Italy. More than 22 million tourists visit Venice every year, (B6) ... is good for businesses (B7) ... as hotels, restaurants and cafés. But the enormous numbers of tourists also cause pollution and the famous parts of the city are always very crowded. Venice is not the only place that has too many visitors. The Scottish island of Skye has similar problems. Visitors often stay for just a (B8) ... hours and all of them want to visit the four or five most beautiful places on the island, which are always overcrowded.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B9. My favourite sporting activity is swimming and I try to go to my local swimming pool at least twice a week and swim it for half an hour or so. I like to go very early in the morning because then the pool which is quiet and all other people who go at that time are serious swimmers just like me.
- B10. But I must admit that it isn't always very easy to get up so early in the morning — especially in winter either or when it is raining. Swimming is really a good exercise for the whole body and I find it such helpful for me to relax.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B11. There's very (мало) time left so we need to hurry.

B12. Mark never says a word, (не так ли)?

ВАРИАНТ 7

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Hi Scott!

I (A1) ... online all morning for tickets to the football match. Most of them appear to be expensive, even for season ticket holders! I don't know about you, but dad (A2) ... that it's a waste of money. I actually agree with him. I mean why go through all the hassle? I remember when I (A3) ... to find tickets to the cup final last season! It took weeks to get some, and they cost me a fortune! Since you (A4) ... that weekend in Central London, why don't we try watching the game at the Sports Café in town? I can meet you when your conference finishes at four o'clock. I know you like that Sports Café, and it's been ages since I've been myself. I still remember the first time we (A5) ... there. You (A6) ... the game for ages before I joined you at your table. I bet the waitress thought you (A7) ... ! Have a think about it and let me know. I told dad this morning that we can plan things together today.

Take care,

Jason

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| A1. 1) check | 2) have been checking | 3) am checked | 4) was checked | 5) had checked |
| A2. 1) is thought | 2) is thinking | 3) had thought | 4) thought | 5) thinks |
| A3. 1) was tried | 2) have tried | 3) was trying | 4) had tried | 5) try |
| A4. 1) will be worked | 2) had worked | 3) have been working | 4) are working | 5) worked |
| A5. 1) have gone | 2) have been going | 3) go | 4) had gone | 5) went |
| A6. 1) had watched | 2) were watching | 3) were watched | 4) have been watching | 5) have watched |
| A7. 1) are never left | 2) would never leave | 3) will never leave | 4) are never leaving | 5) never leave |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Why do so many people enjoy risky sports like mountain climbing? More and more people are taking up this very dangerous sport. So what's the attraction? Devotees of mountain climbing are incredibly enthusiastic (A8) ... their sport. Many of them claim to do it because of the difficulty involved (A9) ... reaching (A10) ... the summit, and to find out what they are able to achieve. The first people that tried mountain climbing (A11) ... pleasure had none of the clothing and equipment that modern climbers use to protect them from the weather. I'd like to find out how they survived the inhospitable conditions on mountains like Everest. I can't imagine just how they did it. These days thousands of climbers gather at the base of Everest every year until the camps become overcrowded. The thrill seems to be part of the reason why people insist (A12) ... trying.

- | | | | | |
|--------------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| A8. 1) of | 2) to | 3) with | 4) about | 5) in |
| A9. 1) by | 2) in | 3) at | 4) to | 5) for |
| A10. 1) to | 2) with | 3) at | 4) on | 5) — |
| A11. 1) with | 2) by | 3) for | 4) in | 5) at |
| A12. 1) on | 2) for | 3) to | 4) by | 5) — |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) Sally Parsons is a good example of the competent driver we should all try to be. She says, "I obey the rules even if sometimes I can't see ... point of them. I keep my hands on ... wheel and my eyes on the road."

(A14) Sally stays within ... speed limit and makes a point of keeping a safe distance from other vehicles. This does not mean that Sally is ... timid driver.

(A15) She is simply aware of ... fact that any vehicle can be ... dangerous weapon if it is not handled properly.

(A16) Drivers like Sally have ... respect for their own lives and the lives of other people and it shows in the confident, careful way they drive their vehicles. If everyone drove with the proper care and attention, road accidents would be almost non-existent. Sadly, this is not ... case.

- | | | | | |
|----------------|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| A13. 1) —, a | 2) a, — | 3) the, the | 4) —, the | 5) the, — |
| A14. 1) the, a | 2) —, — | 3) —, the | 4) a, the | 5) the, — |
| A15. 1) a, the | 2) a, — | 3) a, a | 4) —, a | 5) the, a |
| A16. 1) the, — | 2) a, a | 3) —, — | 4) —, the | 5) a, — |

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

A17. I haven't seen ... of those two films, so I don't mind which one we go to.

- 1) both 2) no 3) either 4) neither 5) none

A18. My grandparents moved from London to Windhaven in the late ...

- 1) fifty 2) fifties' 3) fiftieth 4) fifties 5) fifty's

A19. I remember ... *The Sound of Music* when I was a child. I loved it!

- 1) to watch 2) watch 3) to watching 4) watched 5) watching

A20. There were telephone points every kilometre ... drivers whose cars had broken down would be able to summon help.

- 1) so that 2) despite 3) although 4) since 5) so as

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

A21. I like being the centre of attention (1), for instance (2) I prefer getting (3) clothes that are different from (4) everybody elses' (5).

A22. The teacher will give us a handout at the end of the lesson (1), so (2) there isn't worth taking (3) notes during the talk (4), which is more convenient (5) of course.

A23. Most people say that (1) stress of exams and essay writing (2) can make you want to eat (3) food what is bad for you (4), like chocolate and cakes (5).

A24. My problem is that (1) I can never make up my mind (2); I usually put off doing a decision (3) until (4) the last possible moment (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Mimi Ito carefully puts together her children's packed lunches each morning. She then (A25) ... photos of them and (A26) ... these on her online blog. In this way, Mimi is able to (A27) ... a record of meals that she's (A28) ... of, and everyone has the chance to look at her mouth-watering creations. For these are no ordinary lunches, Mimi prepares meals that are (A29) ... as bento meals for her children. A bento is a single-portion Japanese takeaway meal that traditionally (A30) ... of rice, fish or meat, with vegetables on the side. In Japan, they are normally served in trays divided into sections for the different parts of the meal. Mimi thinks that children in (A31) ... enjoy having small compartments with little bits of food that are (A32) ... to their small appetites. Mimi was born in Japan and currently lives in the USA. She is fairly health conscious, but believes that having wide tastes and finding pleasure in food is important.

A25. 1) takes 2) performs 3) brings 4) has 5) lets

A26. 1) mails 2) brings 3) posts 4) delivers 5) spends

A27. 1) carry 2) keep 3) deal 4) remain 5) run

A28. 1) happy 2) satisfied 3) pleased 4) proud 5) concerned

A29. 1) titled 2) referred 3) called 4) known 5) said

A30. 1) consists 2) includes 3) contains 4) involves 5) concludes

A31. 1) regular 2) particular 3) special 4) precise 5) peculiar

A32. 1) done 2) preferred 3) matched 4) designed 5) suited

A33. **Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.**

Woman: Did Bob study yesterday?

Man: He would have if it hadn't been such a nice day.

What does the man say Bob did yesterday?

- 1) He studied because it was a nice day.
2) He didn't study because it was a very nice day.
3) He studied in spite of the beautiful weather.
4) He likes to study when the weather is nice.
5) He didn't enjoy such a nice day.

A34. **Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.**

I don't know how we're going to fix this.

- 1) I don't care if I do.
2) Me too.
3) Everything will work out just fine!
4) Not at all.
5) I don't think so.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. How do you like his last album? | A. It depends. |
| 2. Would you care for some more coffee? | B. The pleasure is all mine. |
| 3. Are you staying here for long? | C. No, go ahead. |
| 4. Do you mind if I open the window? | D. I don't think much of it. |
| | E. No, I'm fine, thanks. |

- 1) 1D 2A 3C 4E 2) 1A 2B 3D 4E 3) 1B 2C 3E 4D 4) 1D 2E 3A 4C 5) 1A 2C 3D 4B

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. Yes, although I have to say it was one of the worst finals I've ever seen.
B. I don't know. I felt quite bored most of the time. Neither of them played like champions — they just didn't seem to make any effort.
C. I think that's a bit unfair really. They've both played more than fifteen matches in the last week so I'm sure they were exhausted.
D. Did you see the tennis finals on TV last night?
E. That's true, but it was certainly exciting at times, especially when it looked like Gunter might win.
F. That's still not an excuse for playing bad tennis!

- 1) C D A F B E 2) D A E B C F 3) F D E A C B 4) C A D B E F 5) D B F A E C

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. Being a teenager in these troubled times isn't exactly a walk in the park. The uncertainty only adds to the typical list of problems you're already facing. So, what are the challenges you are up against and how can you so to speak "weather the storm and arrive safely on the other side"?

§ 2. As a teenager, the biggest challenge you, your family and friends face is mood swings. One minute you feel full of confidence and optimism and the next you feel depressed, angry at the world and certain that you are a failure. Personal appearance also becomes a huge issue. The hormones racing through your body affect your self-image. Suddenly, you have become too fat, too thin, too ugly, too short, too tall. In short, you are completely dissatisfied with your appearance.

§ 3. Relationships with others also become more complicated. You may find you no longer have that much in common with the friends you've been hanging around with for years. As for family relationships, well, it often seems that a war has been declared, and parents and siblings have become the enemy.

§ 4. The teenage years are unique in a person's life. They mark the end of childhood and the important passage to adulthood. The key to a happy 'teenhood' is to **recognise** that no matter how your emotions change or how insecure you feel about yourself, you are perfectly normal! So here are a few tips to help you get through your darkest moments.

§ 5. Communication has got to be the first tip. If you keep negative feelings in, you'll come to a point where you think you're going to explode. Tell someone you can trust about how you are feeling. Even if they can't give you the advice you need, just getting it off your chest can make a world of difference.

§ 6. But, what can you do if you're at exploding point and there's no one to talk to? If you want to avoid conflict with others, go somewhere on your own for a minute or two to **process** things. Take time to breathe properly. When we are in stressful situations our breathing becomes short and rushed, and as a result less oxygen gets to the brain. This can heighten negative feelings that we have.

§ 7. Physical exercise is also a great way to clear the mind and to keep fit. There's no need to push yourself to the limits, though. Listen to your body and stop when it says, 'No more!'

§ 8. Finally, always try to focus on the positive aspects of your life. Being a teenager means you have more freedom. Use it in constructive ways so that feelings of frustration are replaced by feelings of accomplishment.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. As a result of the current world situation,

- 1) everyone has the same problems.
- 2) teenagers are coping better than others.
- 3) people feel insecure about the future.

A38. Teenagers often have to deal with

- 1) sudden emotional changes.
- 2) constantly putting on and losing weight.
- 3) the anger of relatives and friends.

A39. According to the writer, angry teenagers feel better

- 1) by taking short, quick breaths.
- 2) by talking about their feelings.
- 3) by listening to the advice of others.

A40. The writer encourages teenagers to

- 1) respect their body and its limitations.
- 2) exercise only when they are depressed.
- 3) ask their parents for more freedom.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. recognise (§ 4)

- | | | |
|------------|----------|---------|
| 1) respect | 2) admit | 3) deny |
|------------|----------|---------|

A42. process (§ 6)

- | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1) complete | 2) forget | 3) think something over |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

Joe Swanberg makes films about the lives of young people in the city. He shoots with a digital camera and asks actors to wear their own clothes. His low-budget films are hardly ever shown in cinemas. By distributing digitally, Mr Swanberg is making a living.

Technology was expected to help young people like him. A few years ago it was predicted that the Internet would vastly increase the supply of small independent films and increase their audiences. That has certainly happened. **(A43)** ___ Blockbusters are also tightening their grip on audiences, whether it's in the area of film, music, television or books. The growth of both niche products and huge sell-out successes has been at the expense of the things in the middle which are just quite popular — the near misses.

(A44) ___ As in the past, people still want to have something to talk about with their friends. Which is why the latest blockbuster still breaks new records at the box office. Research shows that people still choose blockbusters more often than less well-known books and films.

Furthermore, all the technology that has made niche content so much more accessible has also proved handy for pushing blockbusters. Missed the last popular film? **(A45)** ___

Blockbusters are doing well not in spite of the fact that people have more choice in entertainment, but because of it. Imagine walking into a music shop which has more than 10 million songs, as iTunes does, all of them arranged alphabetically. Making up your mind would be impossible! **(A46)** ___

Is this increasingly more common separation into blockbusters and niches good or bad? It certainly makes life harder for media companies. In a world where entertainment choices are growing, it is more important than ever to make a big impact with your product. **(A47)** ___ The possibility of failing can make people anxious and more conservative. Television programmes must be successful quickly or they will be cancelled.

These days, with so many options, there is rarely nothing good on television. So the media industry must raise its game. Intelligent people naturally wish that more money were available to produce the kind of music, films and television programmes they like. **(A48)** ___ Some may love watching a programme about the history of dance; others may want to spend an hour being told how to look after pet snakes. But not many want to do either of these things, which explains why such programmes are niche products. There are only a few things that can be guaranteed to delight large numbers of people. They are known as blockbusters.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) It's a great success to make films that are watched by millions of people.
- 2) Don't worry, because there will be other chances to see it, in a wide variety of formats.
- 3) However, so has the opposite.
- 4) State broadcasters like the BBC have some protection from the poor economic climate.
- 5) There are several reasons why big hits still do so well.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) So, rather than having to decide, it's much easier to just grab what everybody is talking about.
- 2) The problem is that everybody has different ideas about exactly what they want to watch.
- 3) This is probably because people tend to try only things they have heard of.
- 4) If it isn't a hit, it will have to fight for attention together with thousands — perhaps millions — of other offerings.
- 5) Laughing at a funny film for 15 minutes is just as good for your heart as exercise.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте **ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ** слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

The Sumatran Rhinoceros is one of the rarest members of the rhinoceros family. Nowadays, they are only found in the rainforests and cloud forests of Sumatra and Borneo. (B1) ... **(FORTUNATE)**, they are now critically (B2) ... **(DANGER)**, although they once lived across different parts of Asia. This rhino tends to live alone, moving around the hilly forests looking for plants and small trees to eat. In contrast to what some people say, they are (B3) ... **(PEACE)** creatures and there is little evidence of them fighting each other. Their numbers have decreased quickly in the last few decades due to hunting. Despite that, (B4) ... **(RESEARCH)** have been able to carry out various studies. They hope this information will help them to increase Sumatran Rhino numbers in the future.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

WWF is helping to safeguard our most cherished wildlife from threats such (B5) ... poaching (*браконьерство*) and habitat loss. I believe the WWF's 'Adopt an Animal' programme is a good cause, of course, but personally I would prefer to donate money to an ecosystem-based rather (B6) ... a species-based conservation programme. This is because large, popular animals get a lot of attention, but (B7) ... are many plants and insects that are equally threatened, (B8) ... people often forget about. All of these creatures that make up the ecosystem must survive if we truly want to save any animal.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишете в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

B9. I've never been such really interested in fashion. Don't get me wrong though, I regularly buy quite a lot of new clothes and I try to ensure that my purchases what are suitable for various situations.

B10. Admittedly, shopping for clothes it isn't one of my favourite activities. That's why it's great when you come across an online store that has all the styles you very like and that doesn't cost a fortune.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B11. Very (*немногие*) people don't have an email these days.

B12. That gymnastics school has hardly ever produced champions, (*не так ли*)?

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Knebworth House is one of the oldest stately homes in the UK. It is also one of the most popular locations for the world's film makers. Not surprisingly, the Gothic architecture of the house appealed to American film director Tim Burton, when he (A1) ... it. He (A2) ... a new version of the film *Batman* at the time in the UK. He thought that the facade of the building (A3) ... perfect as the exterior of Wayne Manor, the home of Batman. But the inside of Wayne Manor was actually shot at another big house in the same area — Hatfield House. The inside of Knebworth House has also been used in many films. An important scene from the 2010 Oscar-winning film *The King's Speech* was shot in the ballroom. It starred Colin Firth as the young King George VI of England. The ballroom was the venue for a party which (A4) ... by his older brother Edward. In a corner of the room, Edward tells George that he (A5) ... to marry a divorced American woman, Wallis Simpson, something which (A6) ... it impossible for him to be King of England. It is George who becomes King instead. And, of course, like many other historic buildings in the UK, Knebworth (A7) ... an appearance in the *Harry Potter* films. Knebworth House is a must for all cinema lovers visiting the UK.

- | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A1. 1) has seen | 2) saw | 3) had seen | 4) was seen | 5) is seeing |
| A2. 1) was filmed | 2) films | 3) was filming | 4) has filmed | 5) is filming |
| A3. 1) would be | 2) is | 3) will be | 4) has been | 5) is being |
| A4. 1) held | 2) holds | 3) was holding | 4) had held | 5) was held |
| A5. 1) was planned | 2) will plan | 3) is planning | 4) is planned | 5) had planned |
| A6. 1) makes | 2) is made | 3) was made | 4) will be made | 5) had made |
| A7. 1) had made | 2) was made | 3) is made | 4) has made | 5) will be made |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

My mother and father have an unusual hobby, which involves (A8) ... the whole family. They train puppies to become guide dogs for blind people. Of course it's my parents' responsibility to supervise the puppies. My sister and I just look (A9) ... them when they are out. We all take the puppies for regular walks and my parents teach them how to respond (A10) ... different situations, such as crossing a busy road. They also teach the puppies how to behave when they come (A11) ... contact with people and other dogs. It is very important for a guide dog to stay calm and focused and not to get distracted (A12) ... its work. After one year, the puppies continue their training at a special school. I often wish that it had been possible to keep one of our puppies.

- | | | | | |
|--------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| A8. 1) in | 2) with | 3) by | 4) from | 5) — |
| A9. 1) for | 2) to | 3) after | 4) at | 5) on |
| A10. 1) for | 2) with | 3) by | 4) to | 5) of |
| A11. 1) to | 2) into | 3) on | 4) at | 5) with |
| A12. 1) from | 2) in | 3) to | 4) of | 5) for |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) Jamie Oliver, the celebrity chef, is much more than ... media personality and he has also done ... great deal to improve the quality of school meals in the UK.

(A14) He began his fight to transform school lunches when he became unhappy about ... amount of junk food being served to kids at school. Further to this, rates of overeating had also increased and this caused Jamie to take ... action.

(A15) The chef started his campaign by meeting with ... prime minister to present ... argument that the government had a duty to provide healthy and well-balanced meals in all schools.

(A16) Five years later, school meals in the UK have changed considerably as ... result of Jamie's actions. Although initially the scheme was met with some doubt, it is now viewed by most with ... admiration.

- | | | | | |
|----------------|------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| A13. 1) the, — | 2) a, a | 3) —, — | 4) a, the | 5) —, a |
| A14. 1) an, an | 2) —, the | 3) the, — | 4) the, an | 5) the, the |
| A15. 1) a, — | 2) —, — | 3) a, an | 4) the, — | 5) the, the |
| A16. 1) a, — | 2) the, an | 3) —, an | 4) —, the | 5) —, — |

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

A17. I haven't met ... of Jack's parents so I don't know what they are like.

- 1) none 2) some 3) neither 4) both 5) either

A18. One of the most important inventions of the ... century was the mobile phone.

- 1) twenties 2) twentieth 3) twenty 4) twenties' 5) twenty's

A19. On the way to work, dad stopped ... some magazines.

- 1) to buy 2) buying 3) buy 4) bought 5) to buying

A20. I have laid your notebook on the table by the door ... you won't forget it.

- 1) so as 2) because of 3) in order 4) despite 5) so that

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

A21. Jenny who's fifteen is angry with her parents (1) as she is punished for coming home (2) after 11 p.m., but everyone's else parents (3) let them (4) stay out late (5).

A22. While travelling (1), there's often much easier (2) to buy sweets and snacks than (3) to find healthier options (4) such as fruit or a salad (5).

A23. UNICEF is a non-profit organisation which works (1) in more than 190 countries and territories (2) and which aim (3) is to help children in need (4) all over the world (5).

A24. Last summer we went on a package holiday (1) which included (2) a lot of travelling around (3) and doing our own decisions (4) about where to go (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

If someone asked if they could broadcast your text messages on TV, would you say yes? Documentary makers who are **(A25)** ... to showing real life stories of teens are starting to realise there's another 'digital' side to the story. They're **(A26)** ... of the fact that online conversations between teens are often more interesting than **(A27)** ... to face ones. To capture their online activity, the teens who are **(A28)** ... in such documentaries use phones with special software. It's not **(A29)** ... to texts. Every picture, video, tweet, status update and emoticon can appear on screen during the documentary. It's hoped that this will offer a more honest story of teen life as teens often express online what they're reluctant to say in **(A30)** Obviously, TV companies have to be **(A31)** ... of people's privacy, so nothing is shown without permission. You may be horrified at the idea of this twist on the traditional reality TV format. However, I bet you'll get **(A32)** ... to it!

A25. 1) focused 2) dedicated 3) concerned 4) enthusiastic 5) involved

A26. 1) aware 2) known 3) popular 4) attracted 5) familiar

A27. 1) eye 2) head 3) mouth 4) mind 5) face

A28. 1) committed 2) involved 3) chosen 4) picked 5) connected

A29. 1) reserved 2) defined 3) fixed 4) limited 5) included

A30. 1) open 2) real 3) person 4) face 5) eye

A31. 1) polite 2) loyal 3) worried 4) respectful 5) concerned

A32. 1) fascinated 2) keen 3) addicted 4) surprised 5) interested

A33. Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Man: You've been doing a lot of travelling, haven't you?

Woman: Yes. We want to make the most of our time here.

What does the woman mean?

- 1) They have more time to travel.
2) They travel more than ever.
3) They are taking advantage of travel opportunities.
4) They travel more than the man does.
5) They spend most of their time travelling.

A34. Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.

I've brought you some more coffee.

- 1) Not in the least.
2) It's very likely.
3) I'd rather not.
4) That's very kind of you.
5) It was nothing.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Have you made up with your sister yet? | A. Wonderful, that's a way out. |
| 2. Why not join them? | B. Feel free. |
| 3. Could I use your phone for a minute? | C. I know just how you feel. |
| 4. Everything I do seems to go wrong. | D. I'm going to. |
| | E. Not at all. |

1) 1A 2E 3B 4C 2) 1D 2C 3A 4B 3) 1E 2C 3D 4A 4) 1D 2A 3B 4C 5) 1A 2B 3D 4C

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. I've jumped out of a plane, but that was in my younger days.
B. I've always wanted to try skiing, I've never done it, but I think it would be exciting though I think I'm a bit old now.
C. Is there anything you'd like to try again?
D. It was unforgettable! You are falling towards the ground, you know, at a couple of hundred miles an hour or whatever.
E. What was it like?
F. Have you ever done any high-risk sports or activities?

1) B E A C F D 2) F A E D C B 3) F B C A E D 4) C D F A E B 5) B F A D C E

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

For Olympic gold medallist Tom Ransley losing the Boat Race was the biggest disappointment of his life.

§ 1. The Boat Race is a unique event. It pulls on the tribal instincts of human nature and the desire for belonging. Everyone picks a side. The millions who watch worldwide on TV will cheer on either the Cambridge Light Blues or the Oxford Dark Blues.

§ 2. From an early age I shouted for the Light Blues. I could never understand why the losing crew didn't simply row faster. It all looked so terribly obvious and easy. Like a coach in the making, my ten-year-old-self would tell the slower crew: 'You're losing! Row faster.' Little did I know that a decade later I'd be racing for Cambridge, stuck in that miserable second spot.

§ 3. The hardest test I faced at Cambridge presented itself at 5.20 a.m. every day. The alarm always tested my resolution. It presented a choice between continuing my quest to win the Boat Race, or sleep. I came agonisingly close to throwing away my Boat Race dreams on quite a few occasions. Instead, I would drag my aching body out from under the covers into the morning darkness. A typical day started with an early indoor rowing session and lectures. A quick lunch preceded the afternoon work on the water and then it was back to college for tutorials.

§ 4. A Boat Race campaign means seven months of dedication. Avoiding injury, I somehow managed to secure myself a seat in the boat. Our only objective was to beat a heavily favoured Oxford crew. Two days before the race, our best rower was forced to withdraw on medical grounds. It was a brutal **setback** for our inexperienced crew.

§ 5. Eventually, the time had come and we stepped out into the cries of the crowd. The umpire (*судья*) raised his flag. Attention. Go! The boat crashed through rough tidal waves and into a cold, unrelenting headwind. The river conditions were bleak, but less bleak than those arriving in the minds of my crew. I refused to accept the **inevitable**, but it was clear to the millions of people watching that Cambridge had already lost the battle. Then Oxford suddenly kicked again somewhere past halfway and at that point it really was all over. My memories of the second half of the race are hazy, but I'm sure there was a definite point at which my legs failed. Despite asking for more, there was nothing left to give. The finish line brought total exhaustion.

§ 6. What appeals to me is the simple and brutal nature of the event. Head to head. Them or us. That is what drew me to the event. The athletes must commit fully in search of the win. This is why it matters. That is why the losing crew will hurt so much: there's no preparation for losing.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. Tom means that as a boy, he

- 1) dreamt of rowing in the race himself one day.
- 2) used to enjoy pretending to be one of the coaches.
- 3) had no concept of the huge effort the crews were putting in.

A38. In the third paragraph we learn that Tom

- 1) convinced himself to look forward to the sound of his alarm clock.
- 2) sometimes wondered whether all the pain was worth it.
- 3) thought about rowing a lot when he was studying.

A39. In the fourth paragraph, what does Tom say about the Boat Race he rowed in?

- 1) Few people gave Cambridge much chance of winning that year.
- 2) The preparation and attitude of the Cambridge crew was perfect.
- 3) Cambridge were confident they could overcome any obstacles.

A40. What does Tom find most appealing about the Boat Race?

- 1) the fame it brings for the participants
- 2) the desire not to let his teammates down
- 3) the excitement of being in a win or lose situation

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. setback (§ 4)

- 1) complication
- 2) refusal
- 3) expectation

A42. inevitable (§ 5)

- 1) unavoidable
- 2) unreasonable
- 3) unknown

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

When American teenager Abby Sunderland, 16, set off alone across the ocean, she was following in the footsteps of her brother, Zac. He had previously broken the world record for the youngest person to sail round the world solo. But when Abby's yacht was hit by gigantic waves, part of it was destroyed, including her satellite communication system. But after what must have been a terrifying experience, she was eventually found and rescued.

When the news of her failed voyage broke, both Abby and her family were strongly criticised. 'Her parents can't have been thinking clearly to let her go on such a dangerous trip,' people complained. **(A43)** ___ But Abby's family didn't accept this at all. They insisted that Abby was a very experienced sailor. 'And anyway,' they protested, 'teenagers should be allowed to face challenges.'

(A44) ___ The list of these young sailors keeps growing. David Dicks, Jesse Martin, Jessica Watson — all of these teenagers have shared the same ambition.

The latest teenager to make a solo attempt to cross the globe was Laura Dekker, 16. Laura's parents are sailors and she was born on a boat, so sailing must be in her blood. During her journey, she had to battle fierce ocean storms, as well as facing the threat of pirates. It took her a year to complete the voyage, but she did it in the end. **(A45)** ___ But unlike the other teenagers, she took breaks from sailing, stopping off in exotic destinations.

Back home Laura must have hoped her triumph would be recognised. **(A46)** ___ They disapprove of teenagers putting themselves at such risk.

So should Laura and other teen sailors be banned from making any similar attempts in the future? That would be harsh. Most teenagers like adventure. There's a lot to be said for challenge and adventure. Going on an expedition can be a way to find out about yourself and what your limits are. But it's fun to go with others and be one of a team. You may get the chance to try your hand at adventure sports, like whitewater rafting and paragliding. Are you listening, all you thrill-seekers out there? **(A47)** ___ You must do or you wouldn't rush off to theme parks so often!

It's pretty clear that most teens enjoy some kind of challenge. **(A48)** ___ But we need to be sensible, too. If things go horribly wrong, you do need somebody on hand to help you out. That's why it's much better to go on a well-organised expedition. Teens don't want to be over-protected, but putting yourself in serious danger is a different matter.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) It must have been tough to go through all that alone!
- 2) Like Abby, the other teen sailors were willing to risk their lives.
- 3) Of course, Abby and Zac are not the only teens willing to risk their lives just to be the youngest to sail round the world alone.
- 4) They pointed out that Abby could easily have drowned and if that had happened, her parents would only have had themselves to blame.
- 5) A study from the Rhode Island Hospital concluded that sailing is more dangerous than skiing and snowboarding.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) After all, we all need to move out of our comfort zones to some extent if we're going to grow as people.
- 2) But the World Sailing Record authorities had already stopped recognising records for 'youngest' sailors.
- 3) Many of you enjoy the adrenaline rush that comes from doing something scary.
- 4) When does courage become just plain recklessness?
- 5) Sailing is often perceived as being an expensive sport, rather than a fun past time that appeals to many different types of people.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

Some of the schools in my home town are really strict and students are not allowed to use their smartphones at school. Mine is different — there's a much more relaxing policy. In break times, it's (B1) ... (ACCEPT) to use our smartphones. But in lessons, it's the individual teacher's (B2) ... (DECIDE) whether we can use them or not. For some pieces of work, like a timed writing task, they're (B3) ... (COMPLETE) forbidden. Of course it's our responsibility to follow the rules, which we do. In some lessons, the teachers actively (B4) ... (COURAGE) us to use our phones when they think it'll be beneficial to us.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

In my opinion, people should help each other more. First of (B5) ... , it makes you feel better, and secondly, it makes the person who's received the help happy as (B6) I don't think (B7) ... really matters what you do — it might just be helping an elderly neighbour with some shopping, or even cooking them a meal. It might be doing some unpaid work for a local charity. The good thing about it is that it doesn't have to cost you a lot of money. It's more about giving your time. A little bit of your free time is worth more (B8) ... anything money could buy if you really use it to help others.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишете в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

B9. The Make-A-Wish Foundation it is a charity which was founded in the USA in 1980. This unique organisation makes 'wishes' come true for children aged 3—17 with so serious medical problems.

B10. For example, many children ask to meet a celebrity, travel abroad, or experience a day which in a certain job. Provided it's safe, the organisation does its own best to make every child's dream come true.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B11. There was very (мало) time for us to decide where to go on our holidays.

B12. My sister never lets me finish a sentence, (не так ли)?

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Imagine designing a website and releasing three successful smartphone apps before your fourteenth birthday. Aaron Bond did exactly that when he **(A1)** ... Britain's youngest app developer in 2011. The idea of inventing an app came from his friend Sebastian, aged 16. Aaron taught himself how to design an app using books and videos on YouTube. 'It took me seven months to learn how to do it,' says Aaron. The boys set up a company and in May 2011, Aaron and Sebastian created the game *Spud Run*, in which players have to guide a potato through a maze. The friends **(A2)** ... another app: this time designed to help in an emergency. The idea came while the boys **(A3)** ... on the bus when a passenger suddenly collapsed unconscious. 'Nobody knew the man but we realised that if we got into his phone, we **(A4)** ... useful contact numbers,' says Aaron. Unfortunately, the phone **(A5)** The new app stores phone numbers of close family along with important medical details. 'If the emergency services have to contact relatives in an emergency, this **(A6)** ... them a lot of time and could save lives,' says Aaron. When asked about his plans for the future, Aaron replies: 'At the moment we **(A7)** ... the design of our apps and I definitely want to make a career developing software.'

- | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| A1. 1) has become | 2) became | 3) was become | 4) is becoming | 5) had become |
| A2. 1) are now produced | 2) will now be produced | 3) have now produced | 4) were now produced | 5) will now produce |
| A3. 1) were travelled | 2) have travelled | 3) have been travelling | 4) were travelling | 5) are travelling |
| A4. 1) will find | 2) are found | 3) would find | 4) are finding | 5) were found |
| A5. 1) was locking | 2) locks | 3) has been locking | 4) has locked | 5) was locked |
| A6. 1) will save | 2) has saved | 3) was saving | 4) will be saved | 5) is saved |
| A7. 1) are improved | 2) will be improved | 3) were improved | 4) are improving | 5) had improved |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Are you concerned **(A8)** ... having to organise your holidays all by yourself? Then why don't you try the option of leaving everything to a travel agent? This has indeed turned out to be the best solution during the past few years, **(A9)** ... terms of saving you the time and energy that planning a holiday requires. A visit to a travel agent's instead of an agency will certainly pay off as you will be able to find package tours for every taste and budget. You might be in for a big surprise when you find out how many different options there are and you will probably have a hard time making up your mind about where to go. Travel agents, however, are always ready to provide you **(A10)** ... suggestions once they have made sure of what your preferences are. So, don't waste any more time! Pick up the phone and make an appointment **(A11)** ... your local travel agent! You won't regret **(A12)** ... it!

- | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|----------|----------|--------|
| A8. 1) to | 2) of | 3) about | 4) at | 5) in |
| A9. 1) at | 2) with | 3) from | 4) in | 5) to |
| A10. 1) with | 2) of | 3) on | 4) for | 5) by |
| A11. 1) to | 2) with | 3) of | 4) by | 5) for |
| A12. 1) for | 2) from | 3) of | 4) about | 5) — |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) For most people, photography is just a hobby. People take photographs as ... way of recording holiday memories or other special occasions. Others make ... living with their cameras.

(A14) Some photographers specialise in weddings while others do ... professional work for magazines. I think one of the most challenging areas must be ... sports photography.

(A15) To cover a sports event, the photographer needs special permission to set up his equipment close enough to ... action to get ... good shot.

(A16) He also needs knowledge of ... sport he is covering. How can a photographer take a picture at precisely the right moment — for example, just as a striker scores ... winning goal in an important match. Being able to capture the expression on a player's face at such moments is what it is all about.

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| A13. 1) —, the | 2) a, — | 3) the, the | 4) —, — | 5) a, a |
| A14. 1) a, a | 2) a, the | 3) the, the | 4) —, — | 5) —, a |
| A15. 1) the, a | 2) an, — | 3) —, — | 4) —, a | 5) the, — |
| A16. 1) —, — | 2) the, the | 3) a, — | 4) —, the | 5) a, a |

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

A17. Come on Tuesday or Thursday. ... day is OK.

- 1) Either 2) Neither 3) Both 4) Another 5) None

A18. My dad's in his ... now, and not as fit as he was when he was younger.

- 1) fiftieth 2) fifties' 3) fifty 4) fifties 5) fifty's

A19. It's a shame when people stop ... friends over time.

- 1) be 2) being 3) been 4) to being 5) to be

A20. My mother gives me piano lessons ... I can become a musician.

- 1) despite 2) because of 3) although 4) so as 5) so that

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

A21. Tom and Mary enjoyed themselves a lot (1) on their first date (2) and in the end (3) they wrote down each others' phone numbers (4) to stay in touch (5).

A22. In accordance with statistics (1) for a relationship (2) to succeed there's essential (3) for the couple (4) to have a lot in common (5).

A23. The Guinness Book of Records is famous all over the world (1) as (2) an official publication what (3) keeps a record (4) of unique human achievement (5).

A24. Steve borrowed me (1) his binoculars the last time (2) I went birdwatching, but I lost them and had to buy him (3) some new ones (4) which were quite expensive (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Venice, as most people would agree, is one of the most romantic and attractive cities in the world. And it is still possible to have a lovely holiday there, preferably outside the main tourist (A25) ... ! However, residents are finding it increasingly difficult to (A26) ... with the 22 million visitors that invade their city every year. Mass tourism has become a serious problem. While it's true that many local inhabitants actually earn their living from tourism, it cannot be (A27) ... that the number of visitors is having a negative (A28) ... on the city. Both the (A29) ... of life of the residents and the buildings themselves are suffering. The giant cruise ships (A30) ... the lagoon make the water rush through the canals and (A31) ... damage to the buildings. If this continues, there is a real danger that Venice at some point will collapse into the sea! This must not be (A32) ... to happen, at all costs!

A25. 1) hour 2) season 3) group 4) attraction 5) entertainment

A26. 1) cope 2) handle 3) manage 4) accept 5) last

A27. 1) considered 2) refused 3) decided 4) remembered 5) denied

A28. 1) result 2) consequence 3) impact 4) conclusion 5) affect

A29. 1) quality 2) reason 3) growth 4) quantity 5) interest

A30. 1) affording 2) going 3) coming 4) achieving 5) entering

A31. 1) give 2) produce 3) prepare 4) cause 5) result

A32. 1) afforded 2) prevented 3) made 4) allowed 5) caused

A33. **Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.**

Woman: Did you get your tickets?

Man: I talked to Judy about it, and she took care of it for me.

What does the man mean?

- 1) He doesn't have the tickets yet.
2) There were no tickets available.
3) He bought the tickets, but Judy kept them.
4) The tickets are lost.
5) Judy was responsible for getting the tickets.

A34. **Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.**

Can I use your power bank?

- 1) I'm very sorry, indeed.
2) It's a pity.
3) Nothing at all.
4) No, go ahead.
5) I'm afraid not.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Shall I close the window? | A. It's very likely. |
| 2. Are you staying here for long? | B. It depends. |
| 3. Do you mind if I speak frankly? | C. Me too. |
| 4. I prefer eating out at weekends. | D. Not in the least. |
| | E. I'd rather you didn't. |

- 1) 1B 2D 3A 4E 2) 1E 2C 3A 4D 3) 1E 2B 3D 4C 4) 1D 2C 3E 4A 5) 1D 2A 3C 4B

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. I'm glad things have changed!
B. I don't know. If they were used to it, they wouldn't know anything different, would they?
C. Yeah, wasn't it amazing? I can't believe that people used to live like that. One room had three families living in it.
D. Did you see that documentary last night, the one showing people's daily lives a hundred years ago?
E. It must have been horrible. Can you imagine? How did they put up with it?
F. No, it can't have been easy. They said on the programme that there were lots of diseases which spread because there were so many people living in cramped conditions as well.

- 1) A C E D F B 2) D A B F C E 3) E D B A C F 4) D C E B F A 5) A E F D C B

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. Most teenagers can expect to be assigned a certain amount of homework every week. But in recent years a debate has been raging about the amount of homework teenagers get. So, what are the reasons for and against setting homework?

§ 2. Traditionalists argue that there is a strong case for setting homework, such as doing exercises or preparing for tests. Their reasoning is that it helps students get to grips with what they've learnt in class. Having learnt a new mathematical equation in class, homework gives students the chance to do further practice at their own pace. Those in favour of homework will say there is plenty of evidence to suggest that homework can promote academic achievement. Put simply, those who work harder at home get better marks at school.

§ 3. The problem with these arguments is that they assume that everything students do at school is **worthwhile**. Children have always had to memorise facts and figures so that must be the right way of doing things. However, I'd argue that there are other important skills for them to learn, such as developing emotional intelligence or learning to think for themselves. There's no denying that these would be far more useful in preparing teenagers for life in the adult world. After all, knowing all the historical kings and queens of your country is of limited value compared with knowing how to relate to people or make a convincing argument.

§ 4. It also seems that an excess of homework may have a negative effect on students' health. We've all heard how teenagers lack the time and energy to engage in other activities, such as sports or physical exercise. This means some students have to work until after midnight, resulting in few opportunities for free-time activities.

§ 5. For me, the root of the problem is an obsession with academic success. Many schools are now competing to show how their students get the best results in exams and the best places at universities. In order to do that, they insist on dedicating large amounts of time on test preparation. Of course, schools don't need to worry about whether this pressure has negative effects on students' home life. Their job is to make sure that students leave with the best grades possible. However, this may not be as important as making sure students are healthy and have well-balanced relationships.

§ 6. I'm not saying that homework is bad. However, it has to be meaningful and encourage students to think for themselves. We should respect a teenager's right to free time so that they can **pursue** other interests.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. According to the writer, how do some traditionalists feel about homework?

- 1) It's the only way to improve students' marks at school.
- 2) It's only useful to study mathematical equations at home.
- 3) There are a number of good reasons for making students do it.

A38. What point is the writer making about knowing the kings and queens of your country?

- 1) This knowledge is essential preparation for adult life.
- 2) It isn't as useful as some other skills students can develop.
- 3) There are good reasons for asking students to do this in their free time.

A39. When talking about teenagers' health, the writer means that

- 1) teenagers would rather spend time on the Internet than do exercise.
- 2) the more homework teenagers have, the more their health will suffer.
- 3) teenagers spend too much time doing sports and other physical activities.

A40. How does the writer feel about the way schools prepare students for exams?

- 1) It's absolutely right that schools are only concerned with academic success.
- 2) Their enthusiasm for students to get good grades is not beneficial for most students.
- 3) Students won't be successful unless schools put pressure on them.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. worthwhile (§ 3)

- 1) important
- 2) expensive
- 3) meaningless

A42. pursue (§ 6)

- 1) watch
- 2) reject
- 3) follow

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

There was a time when the average person formed their opinions about pop music not just on what they heard, but also on their reaction to the many groups of young people who followed the very different kinds of music. These impressions were based on the clothes they wore as much as their behaviour in general.

These days you can't always tell what music someone likes just by looking at them. People now seem less likely to hold on tight to their cultural identity, which means that, although tribes still exist, they are looser and broader than before. This change is probably due to the fact that music is now accessed in very different ways, with people able to listen to it at any time. Hardly any young people remember pop culture before the Internet, when records were bought rather than streamed or downloaded. (A43) ____

19-year-old Bianca Munyankore agrees that the excitement of listening to a song you waited to buy has probably gone. (A44) ____ In any case, saving up to buy a CD means you wouldn't be exploring any other music, and she believes an openness to music is now a natural part of being young.

Music writer and teacher Neil Kulkarni observes that although sub-cultures still exist, they are no longer participated in with pride or any form of aggression. 'These days, rather than making any kind of statement, it's just a way for kids to say what kind of music they're into. (A45) ____ The Internet has made them more prepared to listen to things that they wouldn't necessarily have expected to like and, as a result, there are more connections between sub-cultures.'

(A46) ____ Author Paul Hodgkinson thinks so; he believes the fact that pop tribes have changed over the years means that they've succeeded rather than failed. He rejects the claim that angry mods and rockers and rebellious punks were driven by a spirit of protest, explaining, 'The desire to be part of a group is often about far less exciting things, such as trying to make friends or having something to do.'

Mass communication has meant that sharing music is now easy. (A47) ____ The most underground metal or hip-hop can be found not just on the Internet, but even on TV; many musicians make their money from TV or adverts rather than from fans buying music or concert tickets.

Perhaps the biggest change to pop tribes, though, is that they are no longer restricted to young people. Today, audiences for punk gigs or metal nights range in age from 16—60 and mix well together. (A48) ____

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) However, the freedom of simply listening to whatever you want, whenever you want more than makes up for that feeling.
- 2) Neither have they experienced a time when they were limited to tracks they could hear on the radio or get on a cassette from friends.
- 3) And a lot of youngsters are now finding that their taste overlaps with other groups.
- 4) Does the lack of very visible teenage tribes matter for the health of pop culture?
- 5) Recent research shows that listening to music improves our mental health and boosts our physical health in surprising ways.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) 'If other people find you odd, and if that makes you unpopular, it's important to connect with other people like you,' he says.
- 2) If you're having trouble sleeping, try listening to a little Bach or Mozart before bedtime.
- 3) Another consequence of this is that all kinds of music are now found much more in the mainstream.
- 4) Which appears to show that, if a pop tribe means anything these days, it seems to be about a set of tastes, rather than a stage of life you go through before reaching adulthood.
- 5) So does that mean that tribes are, in fact, expanding rather than dying?

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

Pollution itself is not new. A hundred years ago factories sent out clouds of (B1) ... (POISON) smoke. (B2) ... (FORTUNATE), pollution has spread to the land, air, and water of every corner on Earth. (B3) ... (SCIENCE) have much to learn about pollution, but we do know more about how to control it. We can also reduce pollution if we (B4) ... (CYCLE) waste and use materials which eventually break down in the soil and disappear.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

The *Harry Potter* books are a landmark series to say the very least. The story of the boy wizard has sold more (B5) ... 500 million copies worldwide and been translated into 80 languages. That means the series is (B6) ... only one of the most-read stories in the world, but one of the most translated as (B7) At that rate, (B8) ... is hard to believe that Harry Potter will ever slow down.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

B9. My such rule when it comes to buying clothes is never to get anything at the start of the season. By holding back a few months or sometimes a few weeks, you can take it advantage of special offers.

B10. If I look in my wardrobe, I'd say the clothes what I buy represent a whole range of styles. I very love the outrageous prints from nature from the 1970s, but equally I have some very smart designer jackets and shoes.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B11. There are very (мало) green spaces, it's hard to find somewhere to sit and relax.

B12. Tom's rarely been able to help us, (не так ли)?

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

The spy with the code name 007 was 'born' in 1952. He was created by Ian Fleming, a writer and journalist who had worked on a number of secret military projects from 1939—1945, including one to track down the German 'Enigma' machine, which **(A1)** ... for coding and decoding messages in World War II. Another project was called 'Golden Eye', which later became the name of a Bond film — and Fleming's house. Ian Fleming was born in England in 1908, but he wrote the 'Bond' novels in Jamaica, where he **(A2)** ... since 1945. His cold-hearted but handsome hero **(A3)** ... after a war spy, but a local bird expert (Fleming was a keen birdwatcher). Fleming said that he **(A4)** ... an ordinary name, because that's what he thought Bond was like. Fleming's fascinating spy **(A5)** ... in more than fifty years of Bond films, with Sean Connery first playing the role in 1962. But Fleming **(A6)** ... twelve Bond novels before he died in 1964. The latest 'Bond' adventures **(A7)** ... by new authors and screenwriters. Is 007 the spy who lives forever?

- | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| A1. 1) used | 2) has used | 3) was used | 4) was using | 5) uses |
| A2. 1) has lived | 2) is living | 3) lives | 4) had lived | 5) was lived |
| A3. 1) didn't name | 2) wasn't named | 3) wasn't naming | 4) hasn't named | 5) doesn't name |
| A4. 1) wanted | 2) has wanted | 3) wants | 4) was wanted | 5) will be wanted |
| A5. 1) is appearing | 2) will be appeared | 3) is appeared | 4) has appeared | 5) was appeared |
| A6. 1) has only written | 2) was only written | 3) had only written | 4) was only writing | 5) is only written |
| A7. 1) will now write | 2) now write | 3) are now writing | 4) have now written | 5) are now written |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Most teens with an exam timetable neither stop nor reduce their social media use. In fact, a study shows that during a six-week revision period, teenagers spend an additional forty-three hours keeping up **(A8)** ... their friends online. Apps like Snapchat work **(A9)** ... two ways: they prevent teens **(A10)** ... starting their revision and distract them if they have already been working for a while. And no one loses concentration more easily than exam-stressed teens! **(A11)** ... average, they spend little more than half an hour revising before they get distracted. They also have a number of creative ways to avoid **(A12)** ... studying — reorganising their books, cleaning the house, even dressing up their pets!

- | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| A8. 1) with | 2) for | 3) from | 4) at | 5) to |
| A9. 1) by | 2) in | 3) for | 4) with | 5) on |
| A10. 1) of | 2) with | 3) to | 4) from | 5) in |
| A11. 1) At | 2) By | 3) On | 4) To | 5) In |
| A12. 1) of | 2) from | 3) with | 4) to | 5) — |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

(A13) For ... past two years, I've been working for a company which produces ... organic food.

(A14) There has been a lot of ... debate about ... need for this kind of food, but a recent report has concluded that it is both environmentally friendly and good for us.

(A15) ... company I work for has been growing all its vegetables using only organic methods. Although I've been enjoying my work, my contract is coming to ... end.

(A16) And I've been looking for something that pays ... better salary. I'd like to continue working in this field, so I've sent out my CV to a lot of places. Alternatively, I might consider going overseas. I could try the USA or Australia. It could be the beginning of ... exciting new life.

- | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| A13. 1) the, — | 2) —, the | 3) —, — | 4) the, an | 5) —, an |
| A14. 1) a, a | 2) the, — | 3) —, the | 4) —, a | 5) —, — |
| A15. 1) —, — | 2) —, the | 3) A, — | 4) A, the | 5) The, an |
| A16. 1) the, the | 2) a, an | 3) —, an | 4) —, the | 5) the, an |

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A17. There were two flights available but I couldn't get on ... of them.
1) no 2) both 3) none 4) neither 5) either
- A18. We're going to have a surprise party for Mum's ... birthday.
1) fiftieth 2) fifty 3) fifties 4) fifty's 5) fifties'
- A19. I remember ... strawberry ice-cream when I was very small.
1) to love 2) loving 3) loved 4) love 5) to loving
- A20. We occupied the front seats ... we could hear the speaker better.
1) so as 2) despite 3) although 4) so that 5) because of

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка.

- A21. At my job interview I did a personality test (1) and I think they mixed up my results (2) with someone's else (3) because they said I wasn't good at (4) handling pressure, which (5) is not true.
- A22. Ryan doesn't understand at all (1) why people go abroad (2) for their holiday (3) when it's lots to do (4) in their own country (5).
- A23. He decided not to complete his university course (1) what (2) without doubt (3) was a great disappointment to his parents (4) but made him free (5).
- A24. Although we've been living in different countries (1) for a long time (2), I know I should have done more effort (3) to stay in touch with (4) Mary because we always get on well together (5).

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

At school, the vast majority of what we learn is factual. In history lessons we memorise names and dates; in science we have to (A25) ... with chemical formulas and complex equations; in maths it's all numbers and signs. It's only in language lessons where we may (A26) ... across fiction. Some people would (A27) ... that there's little (A28) ... in reading something which is 'made up'. If this is the case, why do language teachers encourage their students to look at anything (A29) ... from dictionaries and reference materials? It is because they are (A30) ... of the benefits that reading brings. It isn't simply because reading fiction helps us escape reality for a while and switch off from our everyday routines. Reading fiction also (A31) ... us to see the world through other people's eyes. It (A32) ... us to understand the feelings of others, making us more empathetic. Fiction, in other words, helps us be better friends.

- A25. 1) rely 2) cope 3) manage 4) handle 5) adapt
- A26. 1) come 2) keep 3) hold 4) have 5) make
- A27. 1) quarrel 2) dislike 3) argue 4) express 5) speak
- A28. 1) case 2) issue 3) aim 4) point 5) view
- A29. 1) except 2) apart 3) other 4) beside 5) ahead
- A30. 1) aware 2) wise 3) acquainted 4) sensitive 5) known
- A31. 1) teaches 2) learns 3) drills 4) studies 5) aims
- A32. 1) lets 2) takes 3) makes 4) admits 5) enables

A33. **Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.**

Man: I'll pick you up after class.

Woman: Don't bother.

What does the woman mean?

- 1) She thinks that the man is a bother.
2) She doesn't want to go to class.
3) She accepts the man's offer.
4) She doesn't seem to bother about it.
5) She doesn't want the man to come for her.
- A34. **Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу.**
Is it alright if I smoke in here?
1) I'm afraid you do.
2) None at all.
3) There's nothing here.
4) No, go ahead.
5) I don't think you're allowed to.

A35. Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Are you interested in going to University? | A. I'll try. |
| 2. Can you start the car? | B. Enjoy yourselves! |
| 3. We are going to Paris for the weekend. | C. I'd love to. |
| 4. Who picked her up at the airport, you? | D. Nor did I. |
| | E. No, Diane did. |

1) 1A 2C 3B 4D 2) 1C 2E 3D 4A 3) 1C 2A 3B 4E 4) 1D 2E 3C 4A 5) 1D 2E 3A 4C

A36. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. Are you suggesting that I go and stay with her?
B. You know I love her to bits, but I always get so bored. There's nothing to do there except help her with the cleaning. She hasn't even got a TV!
C. Well, how about if one of my friends comes too? That way, grandma won't be alone, and I won't get too bored.
D. Look, I know it's not very exciting, but it would be lovely for her to have you around.
E. I've been talking to your grandmother about the holidays.
F. The thing is, she hasn't been very well lately, and she would like someone to be with her.

1) E C D A F B 2) F C A B E D 3) E A F B D C 4) A D B E C F 5) F D B A E C

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A37—A42).

§ 1. I've always been a very sporty person, but I guess I'm what you might call an 'armchair athlete'. I watch lots of televised sport and pay my subscription to be able to watch matches live from the stadium on the sofa. In terms of my sport of choice, I'd always been interested in football until a few years ago when I started taking an interest in rugby. My interest in it really took off with the Rugby World Cup back in 2015. I was fortunate enough to be working in London at that time, and I'd met a friend who worked in the stadium. She said that through her, I could get discount tickets. And well, from the moment I entered that stadium, I knew this was a sport I could really take to.

§ 2. The atmosphere in the stadium on that first day was electrifying. It was the first time that I'd been in an event where you could hear 80,000 people singing along! I think it's widely accepted that big sporting matches between two teams can even involve violent feelings, but not this game, and I think that was demonstrated by the respectful way they listened to each other's national anthems. I also loved how, all through the match, the spectators were so engaged with what was happening on the pitch. But ultimately, there could only be one winner and they were all hoping it would be their team.

§ 3. The entertainment before, during and after the game was great, too. You could see how the game catered to the interests of everyone. There were singers, there were dancers, there were mini-matches with local school kids demonstrating their skills. And what struck me most was how the whole atmosphere was so friendly. I was sitting between a group of teenagers and a group of middle aged men and women and we were all chatting throughout the game. As opposed to football where the team fans are **segregated**, we found we were surrounded by supporters of both teams who joked with one another, but were always respectful, even shaking hands at the end of the game.

§ 4. At the end of the afternoon, I asked myself what I'd got from the experience. I think the answer is that I really had to **reassess** my own feelings on the game. All through my life, I'd thought that rugby was a game for people who enjoyed violent sport. It's hard to believe now that I ever thought like that. The game may have a few rules that some people will find a bit confusing at first, but ultimately, rugby is an elegant and technically fascinating game played by elite athletes whose performance and skills should be admired and respected.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста.

A37. According to the writer, what does an 'armchair athlete' do?

- 1) They exercise whilst sitting down.
- 2) They watch others do the hard work.
- 3) They pay for better seats in the stadium.

A38. When did the writer's interest in rugby begin?

- 1) When he went into the World Cup stadium.
- 2) When he heard about it from a friend.
- 3) When he was offered some cheap tickets.

A39. In the writer's view, what was most important to the spectators?

- 1) Their team being successful.
- 2) The performance of the individual sportsmen.
- 3) The mistakes their team made.

A40. What does the writer say about rugby matches in paragraph 3?

- 1) They are similar to football matches.
- 2) They create divisions between the spectators.
- 3) They attract fans from all age groups.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A41. segregated (§ 3)

- 1) separated 2) united 3) shared

A42. reassess (§ 4)

- 1) reconsider 2) reproduce 3) remember

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему (A43—A48).

Sixteen-year-old Philippa Grogan can't imagine life without her mobile. 'I'd rather give up a kidney than my phone,' she jokes. 'How did people manage before? Carrier pigeons? Letters? Going round each other's houses on bikes?'

Emily Hooley, sixteen, recalls a very dark moment: 'We went to Wales for a week at half term to revise. There was no mobile, no TV, no broadband. We had to drive into town just to get a signal. It was really hard, knowing people were texting you, writing on your timeline, and you couldn't respond.' (A43) ____

Millions of us have mobile phones and texting is now the favourite way of communicating with friends. (A44) ____ As we all know, you can use them to take pictures and then share these with other kids; you can listen to music, play games, swap videos with them and access the web. And as if all that isn't enough, most of us use social networking sites. In fact, for many of us, digital communication isn't just part of our lives — it is our lives.

Amanda Lenhart is a researcher who studies the use teenagers make of the net and their use of social networking sites in particular. (A45) ____ 'Mobile phones and social networking sites make the things teens have always done — finding their own identity, becoming independent of their parents, looking cool, impressing members of the opposite sex — a whole lot easier,' she explains.

(A46) ____ Some people imagine teenagers may turn into screen-enlaved adults who can't really cope in society. But as you know, teenagers are pretty sensible about technology on the whole. When we interviewed Callum O'Connor, who is sixteen, he said he could see a big difference between chatting online and chatting face to face. He said he realised you had to be really careful what you said online as it could so easily be misinterpreted.

Emily, too, was pretty sure that social networking and texting weren't changing her. (A47) ____ 'I think of myself as quite a shy person,' she explained, 'so it's actually easier to be myself on Facebook because you can edit what you want to say; you don't feel awkward. I definitely feel more confident online — more like the self I know I really am, beneath the shyness.'

Amanda Lenhart says research shows that technology hasn't changed face-to-face time between teenagers; it's just given them more ways to communicate. 'Yes, you can find studies that suggest online networking can be bad for you,' she says, 'but other studies show the opposite.' (A48) ____ And parents got just as panicky about it then as now.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) She says the reason these technologies are so popular is that they are just what teens need at their particular stage of development.
- 2) Phones do more than just text, of course.
- 3) It's the kind of situation many of her friends would never agree to risk, she claims.
- 4) It's just that it used to happen behind the bike sheds or via notes pressed into hands in the corridor between lessons.
- 5) Advertisers are using social networking sites like Facebook to post videos and entertaining stories that feature the company's products.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними.

- 1) We need to remember that when they were first invented, the telephone, the car and the television all changed the way teenagers related to each other and to other people, and in a big way, too.
- 2) She said she thought social networking had actually helped her to be more herself.
- 3) And experts seem to back that up.
- 4) Does the fact that teens now spend so much time communicating through technology mean we are becoming less able to conduct face-to-face relationships, though?
- 5) The key thing about social media is that it lets you create connections with people.

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

From a very young age I had always wanted to be an electrician. I made the (B1) ... (DECIDE) to go to college and study so that I could get a good job. I learnt some very (B2) ... (VALUE) things from my tutors and they gave me a lot of very useful advice. (B3) ... (FINAL), I left and applied for a job. The company interviewed me, but they thought a lot of what I had learned at college was actually a bit irrelevant. At first, I wasn't too disappointed, but I had no idea of the difficulty I would have in finding a job. It took six months! It seemed (B4) ... (FAIR) at the time, but I finally found employment in my dream job, so I think I'm quite lucky.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B8). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Spilling drinks on a laptop is a common occurrence. Just in case it does happen, here are some basic tips that tell you (B5) ... you should do. Water and green tea generally cause the least damage. The worst drinks to spill are those which contain milk and sugar, (B6) ... as hot drinks like coffee and tea, and soft drinks like cola or lemonade. The first thing you should do is unplug the machine and take the battery out. This will, hopefully, stop any electrical damage. Then, you should turn it upside down and stop the liquid getting to the motherboard. This is (B7) ... some of the most important parts of the computer are, and if it gets wet, your laptop may be damaged permanently. The next step is to clean up as much of the liquid (B8) ... possible. If you don't have a cloth to do this, use some tissues instead.

Прочитайте текст (B9—B10). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B9 и B10 в том порядке, в котором они находятся в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

B9. Situated in New York's Manhattan area, Fifth Avenue which is the most expensive shopping street in the world. You can find some of New York's most iconic landmarks there, including it the Empire State Building and the New York Public Library.

B10. Fashion-loving shoppers are either more likely to come here for the designer labels on sale in the luxury department stores. It's also a great place to spot the rich and famous, as movie stars and television personalities such often shop here.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B11. I have a lot of friends at school but very (немногие) of them are in my class.

B12. David never discusses anything with you, (не так ли)?

Ответы

Задание	Вариант				
	1	2	3	4	5
A1	4	3	4	3	4
A2	2	2	4	2	5
A3	5	1	1	5	5
A4	1	5	3	1	4
A5	3	2	5	5	1
A6	4	5	5	3	2
A7	5	4	2	4	3
A8	4	1	1	4	2
A9	5	5	5	2	3
A10	1	4	4	1	4
A11	5	2	2	3	1
A12	2	3	3	5	5
A13	1	2	2	2	1
A14	3	4	4	1	4
A15	5	5	5	5	2
A16	2	3	1	4	5
A17	2	1	4	2	4
A18	5	1	2	4	5
A19	2	3	5	3	3
A20	4	4	1	1	5
A21	4	5	3	5	2
A22	2	5	1	1	3
A23	4	2	3	5	2
A24	3	4	2	2	3
A25	3	4	3	2	1
A26	1	5	5	5	2
A27	5	3	5	1	5
A28	4	1	4	4	4
A29	3	2	2	1	3
A30	1	3	1	3	5
A31	2	5	2	5	4
A32	5	4	1	4	3
A33	5	5	1	4	1
A34	4	5	1	1	4
A35	5	4	5	3	2
A36	3	3	4	3	5
A37	3	3	2	2	1
A38	3	2	3	1	3
A39	1	1	2	3	2
A40	2	3	3	3	1
A41	1	1	2	1	3
A42	3	2	1	2	2
A43	2	4	3	3	3
A44	3	3	2	1	1
A45	1	5	4	4	4
A46	5	1	1	5	1
A47	3	4	5	2	2
A48	1	2	3	1	5
B1	EASILY	ENDANGERED	OWNERS	PERSONALITY	FAITHFUL
B2	FLEXIBLE	SOLUTION	SIMPLIFIED	UNFAIR	STRENGTHEN
B3	REPLACED	COMPLETELY	INCREASINGLY	AMBITIOUS	LIKELY
B4	ADDITION	UNWARE	LIKELY	PROPERLY	OWNERS
B5	AS / FOR	NO	IT	THESE	NOT
B6	NOT	AS	NOT	HOW	HOW
B7	THERE	MUCH	MORE	THERE	AS
B8	WELL	NOT	THERE	THAN	THERE
B9	BOTHIT	SOWHICH	SOTHIS	WHOVERY	WHICHSUCH
B10	SOWHAT	ITTHOUGH	ITBOTH	ITSUCH	ITWHAT
B11	FEW	LITTLE	FEW	LITTLE	FEW
B12	DOWE	DOESHE	HASSHE	DOESSHE	DOTHEY

Задание	Вариант				
	6	7	8	9	10
A1	2	2	2	2	3
A2	5	5	3	3	4
A3	1	3	1	4	2
A4	2	4	5	3	1
A5	3	5	3	5	4
A6	1	1	1	1	3
A7	4	2	4	4	5
A8	3	4	5	3	1
A9	4	2	3	4	2
A10	5	5	4	1	4
A11	1	3	2	2	3
A12	5	1	1	5	5
A13	4	3	2	5	1
A14	3	1	3	4	3
A15	1	5	5	1	5
A16	5	4	1	2	2
A17	5	3	5	1	5
A18	1	4	2	4	1
A19	3	5	1	2	2
A20	2	1	5	5	4
A21	4	5	3	4	3
A22	1	3	2	3	4
A23	4	4	3	3	2
A24	4	3	4	1	3
A25	3	1	2	2	2
A26	2	3	1	1	1
A27	5	2	5	5	3
A28	5	4	2	3	4
A29	3	4	4	1	2
A30	2	1	3	5	1
A31	1	2	4	4	1
A32	4	5	3	4	5
A33	4	2	3	5	5
A34	4	3	4	5	5
A35	2	4	4	3	3
A36	5	2	2	4	3
A37	2	3	3	3	2
A38	1	1	2	2	1
A39	3	2	1	2	1
A40	1	1	3	2	3
A41	3	2	1	1	1
A42	1	3	1	3	1
A43	3	3	4	2	3
A44	1	5	3	1	2
A45	4	2	1	3	1
A46	1	1	2	5	4
A47	2	4	3	3	2
A48	4	2	1	4	1
B1	STRANGERS	UNFORTUNATELY	ACCEPTABLE	POISONOUS	DECISION
B2	UNSUITABLE	ENDANGERED	DECISION	UNFORTUNATELY	VALUABLE
B3	ANONYMOUS	PEACEFUL	COMPLETELY	SCIENTISTS	FINALLY
B4	STRENGTHEN	RESEARCHERS	ENCOURAGE	RECYCLE	UNFAIR
B5	AS	AS	ALL	THAN	WHAT
B6	WHICH	THAN	WELL	NOT	SUCH
B7	SUCH	THERE	IT	WELL	WHERE
B8	FEW	WHICH	THAN	IT	AS
B9	ITWHICH	SUCHWHAT	ITSO	SUCHIT	WHICHIT
B10	EITHERSUCH	ITVERY	WHICHOWN	WHATVERY	EITHERSUCH
B11	LITTLE	FEW	LITTLE	FEW	FEW
B12	DOESHE	HASIT	DOESSHE	HASHE	DOESHE